

THE WEATHER

Fair tonight and Thurs-
day; rising temper-
ature Thursday

The La Crosse Tribune

VOLUME NUMBER 328

LA CROSSE WISCONSIN, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1908.

The Tribune is the pa-
per the public can
depend on for a
fair statement of
the news

PRICE TWO CENTS

LA FOLLETTE BOOM AWAKES
ECHOES FAR FROM WISCONSIN"LITTLE BOB" WORKS
THROUGH LEADERS

BRIGHT MEN AND ABLE POLITI-
CIANS IN CAUSE.

STOREY IS OUT IN OREGON

Washington, Minnesota, Nebraska
and Other "Good Government"
States Show Friendly Feeling

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 8.—The presidential canvass of Senator Robert M. La Follette has become a sympathetic and important crusade. It is no longer confined to the state of Wisconsin. On the contrary campaign managers have been stationed already in Minnesota, Nebraska, Washington and Oregon, and the selection of a manager for Michigan is now under consideration. Thus far La Follette interest has been principally western, but an invasion of the solid east is now in contemplation. A campaign bureau in this city employing a dozen clerks, is sending out literature by the ton. Herman L. Ekern, speaker of the Wisconsin house of representatives, is the home state manager.

Ole Storey in Harness.
J. Ole Storey, formerly of Wisconsin, now of Portland, Ore., is looking after La Follette's forces in that state. He is a prosperous business man and in the past 10 years is said to have made a million. He was with La Follette in his early fights in Wisconsin and saw that one of the first things needed was money to put out literature. He went out west and vowed if he ever did make anything he would finance a campaign for La Follette for president. He has made good and it is reported he has put "some" into the campaign.

Washington Has Leader.
The La Follette booster in the state of Washington is William H. Flett of Tacoma. He was a former state senator in Wisconsin and was identified with the La Follette movement. Several years ago he went to Washington and saw more than he saw in Wisconsin. He saw the need of a man like La Follette, so he joined the ranks as the chief booster in his state. There are others also.

Loftus a Busy Man.
The campaign in Minnesota is being directed by a man who sits at his desk at home every evening, between two telephones, and keeps them busy with long distance calls stirring up activity in La Follette's behalf. He is George S. Loftus of St. Paul, a member of the commission of shippers and receivers' association of Minnesota. The organization suggests a fight for lower freight rates. This name appears in the papers almost as much as that of Gov. Johnson, in the fight for better things. He reports that the campaign in his state is progressing successfully.

Harrison an Old Timer.
In Nebraska the "booster" is Frank A. Harrison, 20 years a newspaper man and two years a Washington correspondent. He is at present clerk of the United States circuit and district courts, in charge of the Lincoln division. He has just resigned to take up the fight for La Follette for president. He has been identified with the reform movement in his state for a number of years and has been active.

Features of Robbins.
These are the types of some of the men connected with the La Follette organization. But there is still another fellow not connected with any organization, or with any other. This man went up to the Alaska gold fields, but came back to make a tour of the United States to lecture on "Good Government." He uses concrete examples and every night he draws up La Follette before his audience as the ideal public man. This is Raymond Robbins of Chicago.

College Friends Work.
There are still others. Senator La Follette is a University of Wisconsin graduate and all over the country the local alumni organizations are working in his behalf. Meantime Wisconsin is sending out its own representatives to other states: Former Speaker I. L. Lenroot of Superior, State Senator A. M. Stoddard, Secretary of State James A. Frear, Alfred T. Rogers. The list does not end here.

DAISY MANNSTEDT RECOVERS.
Daisy, two-year-old daughter of Mrs. Theo. Mannstedt, is recovering, at her home, 411 South Third street, after an illness with la grippe.



Presidential Aspirant La Follette and Some of His Boosters.

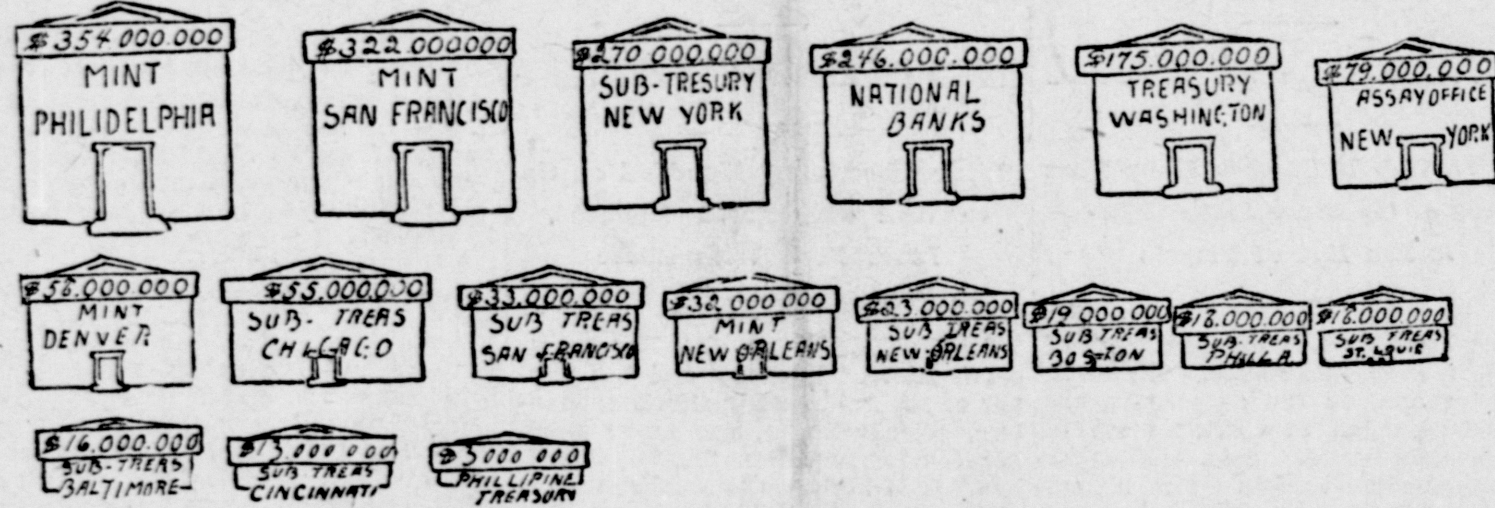
Senator Robert M. La Follette at top, J. Ole Storey of Portland, Ore., directly below him, and William H. Flett of Tacoma, Wash., next, Frank A. Harrison, Lincoln, Neb., next, George S. Loftus of St. Paul, Minn., at bottom.

FAILED TO WAKE
FROM ANESTHETIC

Word was received in the city this morning of the death of Horace L. Bernon, 108 South Ninth street, at the St. Mary's hospital at Milwaukee, after submitting to an operation for throat trouble.

Mr. Bernon was formerly of Chicago, but two years ago he came to La Crosse and entered the employ of his brother-in-law, C. W. Noble, in the general contracting work in this city. He was married and resided with his wife and one child, at 108 South Ninth street. He is also survived by a sister, Mrs. C. W. Noble of this city, all of whom will leave tonight for Chicago, where the funeral will be held at Mr. Bernon's former home.

The telegram received in the city lacked particulars, but stated that he failed to recover from the anesthetic.

HOW THE PRESENT CASH BALANCE TO UNCLE SAM'S CREDIT
IS SPREAD OVER THE COUNTRY IN MINTS AND SUB-TREASURIESCOURT IS FILLED
WITH YOUNG LADS

STOLE GRAIN, CHICKENS AND
AN OLD KETTLE.

TWO GO TO REFORMATORY

Odd Story of Pilfering of Milwaukee
Road's Grain Cars by North
Side Youngsters.

Twenty youths, nineteen residents of the North side, ranging in age from 9 to 17 years, were arraigned before Judge Brindley this morning, charged with stealing grain from the cars of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company. Nineteen pleaded guilty and one was discharged. Two were sentenced to the Wisconsin Industrial school for boys at Waukesha, Wis.

The county court room resembled a school room when the youngsters filed in, in response to an order from the police department to appear. Some were endowed with sufficient courage to inform their parents of their acts, while others appeared alone.

A weird story of robberies was told by many of the youngsters. About half had confined themselves to stealing grain from the cars, while the remainder had made off with a copper wash kettle, and chickens. All these robberies were admitted by the boys. Skilled in stealing, oftentimes they sold chickens to one man after a theft, and before he had time to kill them, had pilfered the bunch and disposed of them to another. In selling wheat and other grain, they mixed cinders with the footstuff, and then claimed they had picked it in the yards of the Milwaukee company.

Ages and Records.
Following are the names of the boys, their ages, addresses and police record:
George Egge, 12, 1306 Kane street

(Continued on page six.)

ASKS INTERNATIONAL
MEET FOR LA CROSSE

Mr. John J. White, representative of the local union, leaves tonight for Detroit, Mich., to attend the international convention of bricklayers. Mr. White goes to Detroit determined to bring the next international bricklayers' convention to La Crosse and feels confident of his success.

JAPANESE TROUBLE
NOT YET DOWNED

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The Japanese question is getting larger each day.

The prediction is made that failure to negotiate a treaty with Japan, which will keep out laborers or failure of congress to legislate upon the matter will revive the latent trouble.

Roosevelt frequently has been in conference with Representatives Haynes and Kahn of California, and believes he will yet arrange a suitable exclusion treaty with the Japs. The congressmen from the Pacific coast are leaving the matter with the president for the present.

PLENTY OF TROUBLE
BEFORE REICHSTAG

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The reichstag opened today with prospects of all the trouble any of the factions are looking for.

The anti-government party's new outbreak is coming in the shape of a terrific onslaught on Colonel Dernburg, the Kaiser's latest recruit and probably closer to the Kaiser now than any other man.

Dernburg holds the whites have been wrong in German South Africa colonies.

A faction of the reichstag taken the colonist's cause.

LITTLETON COUP
BIG SURPRISE TO
ATTORNEY JEROME

DEFENSE SUBPOENAS EXPERTS
WHO CALLED THAW MAD

A CHECK IN JURY MAKING

All But Three Excused Last Night.
But New Selections Reach
No. 10 Today.

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 8.—Chief Counsel Littleton, for Thaw, executed his first coup today by subpoenaing as witnesses for the defense the three star witnesses used by Jerome in the former Thaw trial, Dr. Austin Flint, Carlos MacDonald and William Mabon. All three testified previous to the hearing that Thaw was insane at the time he killed White, but qualified their testimony by stating it was possibly his mental weakness didn't prevent his realizing that he had committed a crime when he killed White. Littleton's move was obvious. It indicated that if he cannot get the liberty of his client he will have him sent to Matteawan. Jerome refuses to comment on Littleton's latest move. At the noon

(Continued on Page Six.)

GREAT WESTERN RY.
SEEKS RECEIVER TO
ADJUST ITS DEBTS

LONDON, Jan. 8.—At a meeting, A. B. Suckney, president of the Chicago & Great Western railroad, with note-holders of the road, here this afternoon, it was decided to appoint a receiver for the company to maintain the status quo during the time necessary to prepare a first mortgage bond covering the full indebtedness.

Ask for Receiver.
ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 8.—Following the decision of the London bondholders a receiver was applied for here at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

PUTER PARDONED
LATE YESTERDAY

Late yesterday afternoon, according to a dispatch from Portland, Ore., a pardon granted by President Roosevelt at the instance of Francis A. Heney, public prosecutor in the land fraud cases, gave to S. A. D. Puter, a convicted grafter, his liberty. Puter was a pal of Horace McKinley in the land fraud deals, and it is supposed that in payment for the pardon Puter will testify against McKinley who is being brought back from the Orient in charge of government detectives.

WEDDING SURPRISE
PARENTS OF MILLER

The marriage of George Miller, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miller, 1131 South Third street, to Miss Anna Sanders of Chicago, which took place at the home of the bride at Chicago yesterday, comes as a surprise to his family and friends in this city.

In a letter home to his parents, Mr. Miller spoke of his fiancée, and sent a picture, but did not mention anything about a marriage. Mr. Miller was formerly a commercial traveler, for Hubbard, Spencer and Bartlett & Company of Chicago, and made La Crosse for a number of years, up to three years ago, when he left the road and took the management of one of the branch houses of the company at Chicago.

BANKER WALSH ON
THE STAND TODAY

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The climax in the trial of John R. Walsh, the ex-banker, came today when the banker took the stand to testify in his own behalf. He told of his connections with the banks and corporations, but gave no new information.

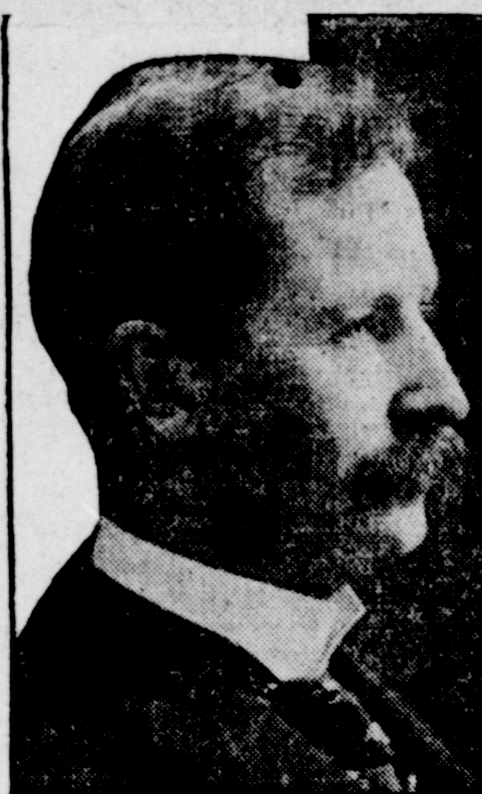
BROAD IDEA HELPS
THE HATTEN BOOM

MAN WHO WOULD SUCCEED STEPHENSON HAS MISSION

TO SUBDIVIDE COMMISSION

Suggests District Divisions of the Interstate Body With Jurisdiction Over Limited Areas

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 8.—The boom of former State Senator William H. Hatten of New London, Wis., for the United States senatorship to succeed Isaac Stephenson of Marinette, has begun to assume noticeable proportions. Senator Hatten last winter was beaten by the Marinette millionaire only after Lieut. Gov. Connor had delivered enough votes to elect the venerable lumber king. Stephenson, it is said, freely declared at the time of his election that he wanted only the short term as suc-



STATE SENATOR HATTEN.

cessor to John C. Spooner, who resigned just before the legislative session. Now, Mr. Hatten proposes to take him at his word and is going after the senatorship in a way that will keep Stephenson busy if he wants to hold onto the job. Like Stephenson, Mr. Hatten is a millionaire lumberman. He became a notable character in state affairs when he headed the fight in the state senate to force the ad valorem railroad tax law through the legislature during the La Follette regime.

Senator Hatten's name came before the public prominently a few days ago when he delivered a speech at Madison in which he favored the establishment of subdivisions of the interstate commission, each with jurisdiction over a specific district. Of this the Madison State Journal says: "In his address before the American Political Science association and the American Economics society last Tuesday on the subject of rate regulation. Senator Hatten made a suggestion concerning the work of the interstate commerce commission that is worthy of consideration. The suggestion was that it might be wise in order to relieve the interstate commerce commission to divide the country into districts similar to the federal judicial districts, where cases arising in that jurisdiction could be disposed of with privilege of appeal."

"It is well known that the interstate commerce commission is virtually swamped with work. It is far behind in disposing of the cases before it than is the United States supreme court. The increase in the number of state rate regulation commissions has tended to increase rather than lessen the number of cases which come before the federal body, and make the cases which come more complex. Congress might well consider this suggestion of Senator Hatten. Some steps must be taken soon or the federal commission will be buried out of sight, and the Hatten plan for relief appears to be the best yet presented."

BOTH OSHKOSH AND
GREEN BAY ARE
AFTER HAWLEY

PROPOSITION WITH FORMER IS
OPEN FOR 10 DAYS

FREEPORT SAYS HE IS GREAT

Newspaper There Says "Pink" Won
Two Pennants by His Superior
Generalship

Oshkosh, Wis., Jan. 8, 1908.
Pink Hawley,
Law Hotel,
La Crosse, Wis.

What are your best terms for manager of the Oshkosh team? Proposition open ten days." (Signed) LARIE.

The foregoing dispatch was received by Pink Hawley this morning. Yesterday he received a letter from F. R. Weeks, president of the Green Bay club, in which he was asked if he was ready to come to Green Bay as manager, and if so, to state his terms. "If they are not unreasonable," wrote President Weeks, "I will take the matter up with the directors, and will advise you at once."

Green Bay wanted Hawley a year ago, and there was some displeasure among the directors there because of the matter being "stalled" along for some time before Hawley's final decision not to go.

This morning President John Elliott received from Freeport a copy of the Freeport Journal, dated Jan. 6, in which a long article regarding the release of Hawley appeared. Across the top of the story was written in lead pencil these words: "Stick to Hawley."

The Freeport paper, although in the hotbed of Hawley-haters, came out in strong terms against the release of Hawley, declaring that notwithstanding the feeling against Hawley in Freeport, many people there would like to see him manage their team. The article says Hawley had not been in Freeport fifteen minutes before he "had a reputation all his own." While calling him a "blusterer," the editor says frankly that the fans there know that Hawley is an excellent manager, and the winning of the first two pennants by La Crosse "was not due to the brilliancy of the players composing the team, but rather to the generalship of the redoubtable 'Pink.'"

The Green Bay Gazette today informs its readers that Buser is slated as manager for La Crosse. This has not leaked out here, although a rumor cabal was heard of prior to the departure of that gentleman to the field of his latest and most signal failure.

Some "Dope" on Managers.

When it was discovered last year that there was a scheme on foot to let Hawley go, owing to dissatisfaction with him on the part of some of the directors, it was bootied about that back of it was a desire to make Buser manager. Certainly there was this sentiment on the part of a portion of the directorate. Hawley was retained, and Buser went to Oshkosh as manager. He came nowhere near the pennant, and Oshkosh don't want him this year. Oshkosh wants HAWLEY. Fans here point to this as pretty strong Hawley "dope."

The matter published in the Freeport Journal relative to the Hawley affair follows:

Hawley Is Efficient.
"When a man dies, it has become the custom to say nice things about him." "Pink" Hawley had not been in Freeport fifteen minutes before he had a reputation all his own, and it will stick to him as long as his name is familiar among the fans. He was known as a blusterer and a bull-dozer, but at the same time every one who knew a thing about ball playing were compelled to admit that he was a manager. That La Crosse won the pennant the first two seasons in the Wisconsin State league was not due to the brilliancy of the players composing the team, but rather to the generalship of the redoubtable "Pink," who watched every play and player on the team and there was but little that escaped his keen eye, and it was woe to any player who made a dumb play or failed to carry out the orders of his manager. While there were few glad hands held out to "Pink" in Freeport, yet his ability as a manager was recognized by all, and there were not a few who at one time would have liked to have seen him the manager of the Freeport team.

Hawley's Early Record.

"Before the opening of the Wisconsin league it was but a small percent of the local fans who had ever heard of 'Pink' Hawley, and a few words on how he broke into fame will not now be amiss.

Eugene Adler of Long street, Cleveland, is the man who is largely responsible for "Pink" Hawley, the former Milwaukee pitcher, breaking into the National league. Adler, who is a brother of the Adler con-

(Continued on page 6.)

BAN ON ASIATICS
IS BRYAN'S IDEA
AS TO JAP MATTER

WOULD EXCLUDE ALL JAPANESE
TABLE OF ASSIMILATION

AT JACKSON DAY BANQUET

Will Address 600 Guests at Dinner
Tonight—Nine-Word Platform
"Newspaper Talk"

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—William J. Bryan is here to deliver the keynote speech at the Jackson day banquet tonight. Today he gave an interview in which he came out flat footed for the exclusion of "Orientals" or Asiatics impossible for assimilation with the caucasians of the United States. This was taken to indicate that in his speech tonight Bryan will follow with the formal declaration against admitting the Japanese. He said, however, that orientals now in this country must be given protection, and their property rights guaranteed.

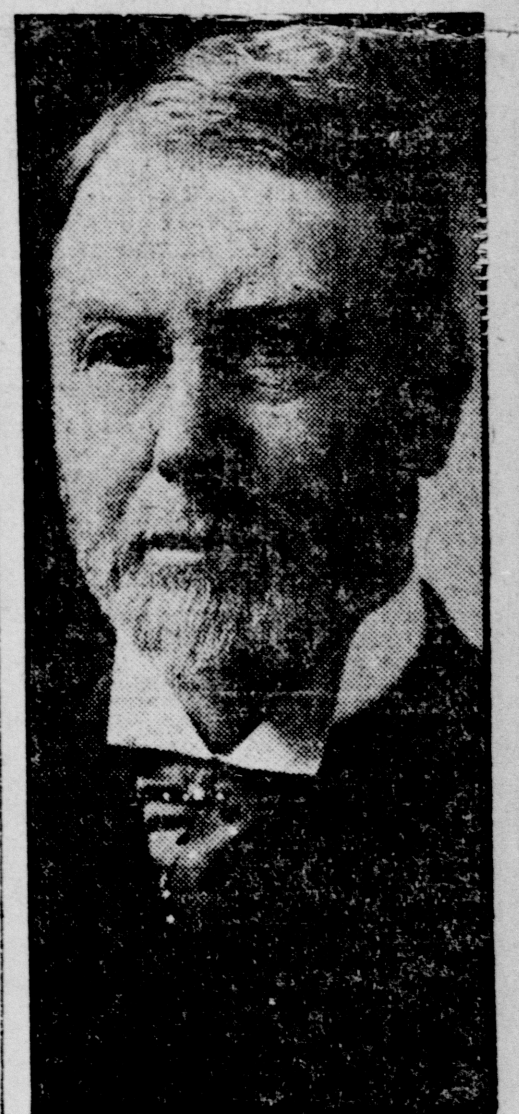
"I will not venture to say what means should be employed to bring about the exclusion of these races which we cannot assimilate," he said, "but I will say that whatever means is successfully used would be justified by the end."

Nine Word Platform? Nix!

Bryan repudiated the idea that he is willing to run for the presidency on a nine-word platform.

"I never said an such a thing," he declared with a smile. "I never even considered it. That's newspaper talk."

Six hundred guests will attend the banquet tonight, including democrats from all over the state. Senators Davis, of Arkansas, Stone, of Missouri, Adlai Stevenson, and John W. Kern of Indianapolis are also here.



ROBERT M. BASHFORD.

Newly appointed Justice of the Supreme Court who succeeds the late Chief Justice Cassoday

WEATHER FORECAST

Coldest, 20; warmest, 34; wind, 12 miles; precipitation trace. Winnipeg, with 12 below, was the coldest, and Los Angeles, with 70, was the warmest place in the country yesterday.

Forecast today:

Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; slighter colder to night in extreme southeast portion; rising temperature Thursday. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Thursday; rising temperature Thursday and in west portion tonight. Iowa—Fair tonight and Thursday; rising temperature Thursday.

Weather Conditions.

The Atlantic and lake lows have united in the St. Lawrence valley forming a storm of decided strength. Another low is approaching rapidly from the northwest. The pressure continues highest in the southern rocky mountain districts, but has diminished in strength.

Snow is falling in the lake region this morning and heavy rains have occurred in the middle and north Atlantic states. There has been a decided drop in temperature in the Dakotas, Minnesota and Manitoba. Elsewhere the temperature changes have been generally small.

The Tired Housewife



NOTHING is more wearing on both body and mind than the dull monotony of the housewife's daily routine.

Tired housewives will find in Digesto Malt Extract a splendid tonic. Its mildly stimulating effect drives away that feeling of apathy and listlessness and gives life renewed interest.

AT ALL DRUG STORES

Digesto is equal in quality and flavor to Hamm's delicious Beer—the Beer that "Leads them All"

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL

BIJOU IMPROVED VAUDEVILLE

8--BIG NUMBERS--8

5 BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS.

2 BIG SUBJECTS IN MOVING PICTURES.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED SONGS.

EXTRA—Thursday night La Crosse's wonderful blind boy, Walter Goetzinger, will preside at the piano at both performance. Think of it. How can a man play a full show of tricky vaudeville music when he can not see?

WORTH MILES GOING TO SEE.

Gas and Electric Bills

Customers are reminded that Friday, January 10th, is the last discount day for the payment of bills for gas and electric current.

La Crosse Gas & Electric

222 Main St. Company Phones 112

THE SPORT WORLD

FOND DU LAC HAS POSITIONS FILLED

VOGHT LAST LINK IN WHAT IS CALLED STRONG CHAIN

OUTFIELD IS VERY STRONG

Eastern Club Is Farther Along Than Any of the Other Seven in Section List of Players

The Fond du Lac baseball team of the Wisconsin State league is now in better shape, so far as players are concerned, than any other team in the league, it is said. Manager Frank Newhouse has just signed Shortstop Vogt, and with this position filled, the last gap in the team is closed up. Vogt, who played with the La Crosse team the first half of last season, was bought from that team for \$100.

For the outfield, Manager Newhouse was Hartick, Letcher, Grady, Zacker and Thornton; for third base, Hartman, formerly with Green Bay; for second, Walters, also from Green Bay; and for first, O'Hare, another Green Bay man, and Cary Becker, a new find. Becker is six feet, two, in height, which ought to enable him to cover pretty much all of the territory around the first sack. Cross and Gard are the catching force, and Koons, Zook, Hatch, Dunbar, Egan, Lang, Peddington and Dodge are the material secured from which to draw the pitching staff.

Madison's Strong Staff. With one of the strongest pitching staffs in the state league—it looks all of that at this time—Madison ought to get a good start in the state league.—Madison Journal.

COONEY AGAIN IS HEAD OF LAKESHORE

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 8.—J. M. Cooney of Racine has been re-elected president of the Lake Shore league. Other officials chosen are: Vice president, J. F. Herzog of Manitowish; secretary, John Kaiser, Jr., of Port Washington; treasurer, P. N. Van Handle of Sheboygan.

Applications for membership were received from clubs in Menasha, Waukegan, and one from one of the Park Owners' teams in Chicago. A committee, consisting of Cooney, Herzog, Kaiser and Breen, was appointed to confer with the applicants. The report of the treasurer showed the league in a flourishing condition.

The league meeting was held in the Republican house, and the club owners present were: J. M. Cooney, Racine; J. F. Herzog, Manitowish; William Lieb and P. N. Van Handle, Sheboygan; John Kaiser, Jr., Port Washington; J. M. Carney and Fred Schatzke of Milwaukee, and Peter Breen of Kenosha.

WOULD PUSH HUGHES TO HELP BEAT TAFT

Washington Bureau of The La Crosse Tribune, WASHINGTON, Jan. 8, 1908.

(By J. C. Welliver.) Governor Hughes has been withheld from entrance into the presidential race as a member of an anti-Taft combination, because certain big interests in New York were afraid to take up his cause.

It has not yet been possible to get the details of the effort that was made to bring the New York governor prominently forward and to get the Empire State delegation for him. This much however is known:

That the managers for Cannon, Knox and Fairbanks, being anxious that some favorite son get hold of the New York delegation, made representations to certain big financial powers, which commonly are deeply interested in big national politics, and asked them to set their machinery at work to secure New York for Hughes.

It was urged that unless Hughes were pushed actively into the contest, Taft would get a large part of New York, and that would almost insure his nomination. To prevent this, New York must be kept away from him, and Hughes was the man to do it. Then the fight would be the field against Taft, with a fair chance for everybody.

This overture, presented with a good deal of earnestness, was listened to by the people addressed, and considered. The conclusion was that it would be unsafe to press Hughes, because these interests did not believe he would be their kind of a president. They guessed they would prefer to take their chances with the situation as now developing, rather than to do anything which should improve the prospect for Hughes to be nominated.

MOUNT ROYAL UNDER OWN STEAM

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 8.—The Canadian Pacific liner Mount Royal entered the harbor yesterday under her own steam. The captain says heavy weather was encountered from the day the ship left Antwerp, Dec. 7, and when the engine gave out it was decided to make for Queenstown.

She had 305 passengers and a hundred seamen, and at 7 o'clock in the morning the ship was reported passing Kinsdale, Ireland. She refused assistance and made port alone.

ALCOHOLISM KILLS FAMOUS FIGHTER

GEORGE DIXON EXPIRES ALONE AND PENNILESS

HERO OF MANY ENCOUNTERS

"Little Chocolate," Heralded as the Greatest of Colored Fighters, Loses Bout With Boozie

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The greatest fighter of his time and the winner of several hundred fistic encounters, George Dixon, the negro pugilist familiarly called "Little Chocolate," died here in the alcoholic ward of Bellevue hospital, the victim of a long fight with drink.

Accused in his prime by thousands, as a pugilistic hero, George Dixon passed away practically penniless and without friends. Dixon was 37 years old and for many years held the title of featherweight champion.

Dixon fought several hundred ring battles, his first fight being in 1886, when he whipped a boy named Johnson in Halifax, N. S. From that time until Terry McGovern knocked him out in 1900 and broke his heart, no man of his weight ever whipped him. He won the featherweight title in 1891 by whipping the champion, Cal McCarthy. Dixon won thousands of dollars in the prize ring which he spent in a convivial companionship.

The body of Dixon was removed to the Lenox Athletic club, where it was placed on the site of the ring where the usual weekly boxing bouts are held. All through the night scores of people passed before the coffin to view the body of the once great fighter. Many of Dixon's admirers brought flowers and placed them on the casket.

Why I Lost My Job.

Reasons Why Thousands Like Me Cannot Satisfy Their Employers.

"I believe my fate is not unlike that of thousands of other workers who daily lose their places for reasons they do not know, and probably would not believe. When their last pay envelope comes along, it is usually 'Your services no longer required.' If the truth were known, the reason for their unceremonious removal would probably be that their usefulness was destroyed because of some mental worry, bodily ailment or general indisposition. These things, as we all know, are the most fruitful causes of failure in all walks of life. The battle of Waterloo was lost because of a headache. In this quick age our minds must be clear, rapid, active, and free from outside influence or worry, or else we go down to failure with the throng of 'floaters' who go from one place of employment to another, giving no satisfaction to others or to themselves constantly growing older and less useful, with no ambition, no will power, and no hope.

Every man requires from every other man the best that is in him. But no man can use or get the best that is in himself until he is first free from all fretful indispositions and worries.

That was my trouble. I was full of troubles. That's why I lost my job. My stomach in the first place was always out of order, and I was worrying about it and my mind grew cloudy, and slow. I made mistakes, and grew grouchy. That was the end.

There are thousands like me, going about with 'quick lunch' faces, dyspeptic manners, and repulsive atmospheres. No employer wants such men's services.

Take my advice. A healthy stomach is half the battle, for it keeps your mind clear, and your face rosy. I have a healthy stomach now and hold a good position, and my employer is satisfied, and so am I.

I started to take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets which I was told were good for the worst cases of indigestion and dyspepsia. The first two tablets made a wonderful difference in my condition.

One ingredient of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digests 3,000 grains of food. The stomach doesn't have to work at all. The Tablets do all the work, no matter how heavy your meal.

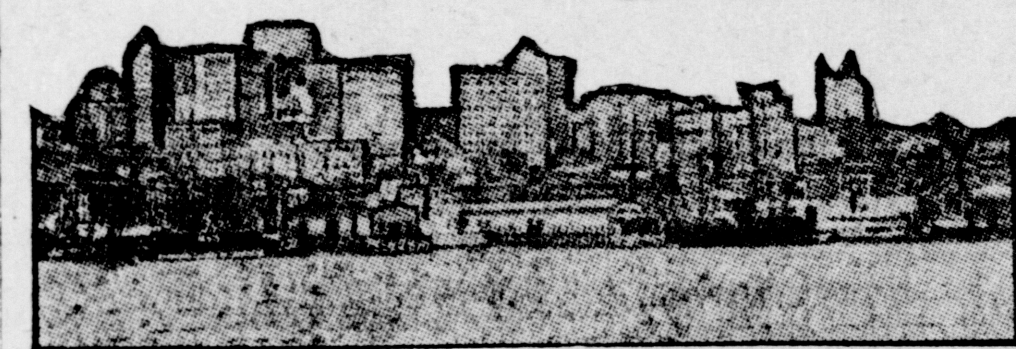
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure brash, eruptions, burning sensations, bloating, irritations, loss of appetite, nausea, heartburn, lack of energy, loss of memory, and dyspepsia and indigestion in their very worst forms.

No other little tablets in the world can do so much. You should carry them around with you wherever you go and take them regularly after meals. Then you will realize what it is to be freed from stomach torment, and have a clear mind, a quick memory, a happy disposition, comfort and rest. Get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at any drug store for 50c a package.

Send us your name and address to-day and we will at once send you by mail a sample package, free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

DEVILS LAKE, N. D.—John Deen a young farmer living near Edmore, this county, hanged himself to a raft in his barn. He had been drinking heavily the day before.

GREATER NEW YORK CELEBRATES TENTH ANNIVERSARY OF BROOKLYN CONSOLIDATION



On January 1 Greater New York had its tenth anniversary as a combined municipality with Brooklyn, and these 10 years have meant much in the development of the largest city in America. The great city was born on New Year's eve, 1897, when the present charter went into effect and the populous centers of Manhattan and Brooklyn were consolidated with the Bronx, Queens and Staten Island. By the consolidation the area of the city was increased to 327,000 square miles. The new metropolis is twice as large as Chicago, nearly three times the size of Philadelphia, and 10 times larger than cities like Detroit or Baltimore. With this addition and 3,500,000 people New York became the second largest city in the world. The city of 1898 would be a strange and in some ways primitive metropolis to the New Yorker of today. The subway and river tunnels had not been completed. The New Yorker would find only the Brooklyn bridge connecting Manhattan and Long Island. The 15-story sky-scraper would have the same place in 1898 that the 40-story Singer tower occupies today. The New Yorker would find bicycles the fad 10 years ago as automobiles are now. The social, shopping and theatrical centers were from 12 to 15 blocks farther down town. The number of school children has grown 60 per cent. The police and fire officers by one half. The population has increased 26 per cent. In 1898 it was 3,500,000, in 1908 4,400,000. The assessed valuations of the city in 1898 were \$1,000,000,000. As he passes up Broadway the new skyscrapers are so numerous that it is bewildering to enumerate them all. In the financial district the Battery place sky-scraper presents a new vision to the west side. The Wall street building and the Church street terminal have transformed the vista from the North river. Reaching Madison square the New Yorker feels like a stranger. There was no flatiron building in 1898. It was not started until three years later. The marble sky-scraper of the Metropolitan Life was not begun until May, 1890. The appearance of Herald square has been transformed. Another great development is the construction of big bridges now under way, which will cost a total of \$4,500,000. Ten years ago the cost of the one then in operation was \$21,000,000. All New Yorkers firmly believe that within the next decade New York will be the largest city in the world.

EQUALIZATION OF RATES ON DRY WOOD

NORTHWESTERN OFFICIALS AND COMMISSION AGREE.

WON'T CANCEL OLD RATE YET

Large Number of Contracts Already Made Would Make Big Loss for Wood Shippers.

By Fred L. Holmes.) MADISON, Wis., Jan. 8.—(Special.)—As the result of an informal conference between officials of the Northwestern railroad and the members of the railroad rate commission a few days ago it was agreed to equalize the rate per 100 pounds on dry wood so that it will be no more than the present rate by the cord, and also to defer cancelling of the old cord rate from February 1, as first announced, to April 1. This agreement is of the most vital interest for if the rate had been advanced next month the price of wood would have taken a decided boost in price.

Since the railroads announced the cancellation of the old rate a short time ago, both the road and the commission has been flooded with protests from all over the state. An informal conference was held with the officials of the Northwestern road. The commission found that so many contracts had been made for the delivery of wood this winter that it would work a hardship to the makers of these contracts to cut off the old wood rate at this time. The commission had not time to investigate the full merits of the case, either and so it was agreed to delay the matter of a new rate until April 1st.

Wood dealers all over the country will have an opportunity to fill up their yards before that time. Then the rate by the hundred will be reduced, it is expected, so that the cost of transporting dry wood will be practically the same as it would amount to by the present cord wood rate. After April 1, green wood, which weighs fifty per cent more than dry wood, will come under the new rate by the hundred. This will compel the dealers to ultimately boost the price in order to make a profit.

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE

From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. Laxative Bromo Quinine removes cause. E. W. Grove on box 25c.

SCHNEIBERG IN BREWERS' SQUAD

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 8.—The Milwaukee Brewers' squad which goes into training quarters April 1st, includes Schneiberg, formerly of La Crosse and will look something like this if the pending deals of Manager McCormick go through:

Catchers—Roth and Reville. Pitchers—Curtis, Dougherty, Schneiberg, Bateman, Wilson (?) and a major leaguer.

First base—Bateman or major leaguer. Second base—McCormick. Shortstop—Robinson. Third base—Major leaguer player. Outfielders—McChesney, Green, Stevens, Mahoney and two major leaguers.

BAD BREATH

"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass, my breath having a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after using them I can willingly and cheerfully say that they have entirely cured me. I therefore let you know so that I shall recommend them to any one suffering from such troubles." Chas. H. Halpern, 114 E. 7th St., New York, N. Y.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip. Be. 2c. 50c. Boxes sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C.C.C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 50c

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES



Invest your BUSINESS And

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

DRAFTS Sold On All Parts of The World.

Deposits made prior to 5th, draw interest from 1st of each month.

PLAY GOV. JOHNSON AGAINST MR. BRYAN

MOVEMENT TO INSTITUTE CONTEST GETS AN IMPULSE

NEW YORK WORLD SPONSOR

Old Reactionary Element Seeks In Minnesota Executive a Weapon to Beat Nebraska

Washington Bureau of The La Crosse Tribune, WASHINGTON, Jan. 8, 1908.

(By J. C. Welliver.) Activity in republican presidential politics in recent weeks has served almost to divert notice from the struggle that is on in democratic ranks over the democratic nomination. At no time since the campaign began to open up have the opponents of Mr. Bryan in the democratic party been more active than they have been recently. They are seeking to advance the candidacy of some man who will prevent the nomination of Bryan and in casting about for someone who will command a respectable showing of strength in the democratic national convention they have hit upon Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota. The New York World has fattered the Johnson movement and claims to have secured his consent to run.

At various times in recent months anti-Bryan leaders have tried to bring out some man who would check the trend of the party to Bryan. Such men as Culberson of Texas, Daniel of Virginia, Judge Gray, Judson Harmon and Lieutenant Governor Chandler of New York have been suggested and efforts made to get their candidacies under way. It has been possible in some of the cases to make sufficient headway to forestall the nomination of the Nebraska candidate, Governor Johnson has been more or less talked of, since he was suggested some months ago by Col. Henry Waterson. But it is only in recent weeks that an organized effort has been put forth to promote the Johnson candidacy. One of the first moves made regarding it was to have Governor Johnson come to Washington several weeks ago and be a guest at the Gridiron dinner. This gave him opportunity to meet a large number of public men and allowed them to take the Minnesota measure. It should be added that he made a highly favorable impression.

Democrats generally realize the strength of Bryan but it is realized further that the two-thirds rule prevails in the democratic convention. The opponents of Bryan have been figuring on whether they could not control over a third of the delegates so absolutely as to prevent the Bryan nomination and force the selection of someone else. It is apparent that this is a rather forlorn hope, though it is not entirely out of the question. There is no doubt Johnson will get the Minnesota delegation. He will also get a following of other delegates in the northwest. The anti-Bryan men hope to hold Pennsylvania. They are working to get New York. They expect to get Delaware through Judge Gray. They may get Ohio through Judson Harmon. They hope for the delegations of some of the southern states. Of course, the unit rule will prevail as to state delegations and this will turn the anti-Bryan men from preventing scattering delegates in sympathy with them to account. But they believe that it is not at all impossible for them to get over a third of the delegates and get them in such fashion that they can be held permanently away from Bryan.

The Bryan leaders say the scheme cannot be worked. They assert they have been giving it attention and are on the lookout for it. Nevertheless, it is known that it has been giving them concern. Friends of Bryan have been active lately in Minnesota, trying to keep some of the delegates from Johnson and undermine him at home.

Conservative democrats are arguing that it is utterly useless for Bryan to run, since he cannot be elected. They are arguing that a man must be named who will carry New York and New Jersey and that Bryan can do neither. On the other hand, they point out that Governor Johnson would stand a show of carrying those states and, besides, that he will be a better vote-getter than Bryan, having none of the prejudices to encounter that Bryan will have to. They point to the vote-getting record made in Minnesota by this son of a poor washerwoman and at the fact that he would not be unacceptable to conservative democrats, whose support is necessary to elect the ticket. On the whole, the situation is one that has possibilities and if the Johnson movement continues to gain support the democratic convention may become a bitterly-contested one instead of the routine affair that has been anticipated.



CHARLES M. DANIELS.

Charles M. Daniels, New York Athletic club's crack swimmer, is in a class by himself. He has created this year new figures in nearly every distance from 500 to 1,000 yards. He has defeated the best swimmers in America, England, Europe and Australia, and created two world's records. In one day, February 2 last year, he set six American swimming records as follows: 250 yards in 3:01 2-5; 300 yards in 3:45 2-5; 350 yards in 4:20 3-5; 400 yards in 5:30; 440 yards in 5:47 2-5. Daniels is the wonder of the year in swimming.

MANY CORPORATIONS FILE THEIR PAPER

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 8.—(Special.)—That investments have been brisk in the state during the past year is indicated from the large number of corporations which have filed articles with the secretary of state. During the year 1,024 domestic incorporations filed. The average capital of these companies is between \$25,000 and \$50,000. During the same period 287 foreign companies have incorporated and 434 companies previously incorporated have amended their articles. Over 200 of this latter class was for increases in capital stock.

At the present time the 15,000 active incorporations of the state are filing reports with the secretary of state, naming their officers and directors. Over 600 reports have been received since the beginning of the year. The companies have until the last of February to file their reports. After that time a \$10 penalty is collected. Late in the fall the secretary of state issued a statement of the companies which have failed to file and upon further refusal to do so their articles are ineffective.

BIG ATHLETE IS STILL IN TRAINING

JOHNSON CREEK, Wis., Jan. 8.—(Special.)—Ewald O. Stiehm of this city, the great University of Wisconsin athlete, and picked by several critics for center on the "All-Western" eleven, kept in condition for basketball work in various ways while spending his vacation here. Stiehm is center on the basketball team, and weighing nearly 200 pounds, with a height of 6 feet 3 inches, he was forced to make, instead of take, training, there being few of his height in the city. He arranged a basketball game with the high school, and with four small boys, played the high school boys off their feet. Stiehm won, 32 to 22; Stiehm made 32 points for his team.

FRAUD ORDER FOR INCUBATOR COMPANY

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The postoffice department has issued a fraud order against the Badger Incubator company of Delevan, Wis., for failure to keep its advertising agreement.

700 bbls. 1894 6000 bbls. 1908

The satisfaction which this statement gives us is not inspired by pride in commercial success alone, but also by the consideration that the housewives not only here in La Crosse but everywhere are giving enthusiastic support to a mill which makes a serious attempt to live up to its ideals and to justify the confidence which so large a number repose in it.

MARVEL

Milled only by the Listman Mill Co.

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE

Published Every Afternoon Except Sunday, at 50-52 South Fifth St., La Crosse, Wis.

A Newspaper For The People

Official Newspaper For La Crosse County.

A. M. Brayton Editor & Pub. F. H. Burgess Business Mgr. W. V. Kilder City Editor

Daily by Carrier \$5.00 per year

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Circulation Guarantee

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE

1907

The Tribune guarantees a circulation of 164,705 copies during the month of December, 1907, and will pay for the deficiency in the event of a shortage.

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE.

Sworn Detailed Circulation for the Month of December, 1907.

| | | |
|-----------|-----------|-------|
| 1—Sunday | 16—Mon | 6,350 |
| 2—Mon | 17—Tue | 6,340 |
| 3—Tue | 18—Wed | 6,325 |
| 4—Wed | 19—Thurs | 6,320 |
| 5—Thurs | 20—Fri | 6,320 |
| 6—Fri | 21—Sat | 6,350 |
| 7—Sat | 22—Sunday | 6,350 |
| 8—Sunday | 23—Mon | 6,325 |
| 9—Mon | 24—Tue | 6,325 |
| 10—Tue | 25—Wed | 6,330 |
| 11—Wed | 26—Thurs | 6,330 |
| 12—Thurs | 27—Fri | 6,330 |
| 13—Fri | 28—Sat | 6,350 |
| 14—Sat | 29—Sunday | 6,350 |
| 15—Sunday | 30—Mon | 6,330 |
| 16—Mon | 31—Tue | 6,330 |

Total number of papers printed 164,705

Average circulation for December, 1907 6,335

Extra Sample Copies not included.

I, Frank H. Burgess, business manager of the La Crosse Tribune, do solemnly swear that the actual number of copies of the paper named, printed and circulated during the month of December, 1907, was as above stated.

FRANK H. BURGESS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirty-first day of December, 1907.

A. E. BLEEKMAN, Notary Public.

Our December Daily 6,335

Average was 6,335

WELLMAN AND FACTS.

The letter from Walter Wellman, to the Record-Herald, reproduced in The Tribune, recently, contained a prediction that Roosevelt, Taft or Bryan would be the next president of the United States. Mr. Wellman felt there was little doubt of the outcome provided Roosevelt accepts the nomination (for Mr. Wellman can't quite give Roosevelt up), but he declared that were Taft and Bryan to oppose each other, there would be a fight in which Mr. Taft would have to look to his laurels. In fact, Mr. Wellman, in no mincing terms, warned republicans that Mr. Bryan has grown in strength, because he has been clean and progressive, keeping with him the confidence of the public in his integrity and their respect for his democratic simplicity and purity.

Mr. Wellman also pointed the finger of prophesy at Senator La Follette. Him he regarded as one whose strength is not appreciated, yet wonderfully strong in unsuspected places, within. He kept Mr. La Follette slightly in the background, making him a fourth choice, ahead of Bryan. For this reason was that "is regarded" as too radical. Mr. Wellman was carefully placing the stamp Mr. La Follette, for

whom his language intimated both regard and respect.

The wisdom of Mr. Wellman's article was in his declaration that, no matter by what party named, the progressive candidate would win over any so-called conservative candidate who might be selected.

Watch Mr. Wellman's prediction. This eminent journalist predicted the first election of Grover Cleveland, he predicted Cleveland's defeat four years later; he predicted Cleveland's re-election four years later still. Before doing these great things, he went out each time and put his ear to the ground; he felt the pulse of the masses. That is what he has done this time. He has taken La Follette more seriously than any other metropolitan political writer of repute. If he erred, we believe, it was in underestimating the Wisconsin man's strength. But he has, in our humble opinion, predicted with great intelligence than has any other soothsayer of them all. Look out for Bryan! Look out for Taft—or La Follette!

JOHN D.'S DAD.

John D. Rockefeller, however right he may make his self feel that he is, is wrong in the estimation of about 9,999 out of every 10,000 people in the United States.

When we think a man bad, there is a tendency to go to extremes regarding his badness, and that of his family and those associated with him in any way. Now comes a story about John D.'s dad. It is said on the authority of a man somewhere in Iowa, that "old man" Rockefeller was fixed up in some scandalous relations with a horse the ownership of which was in controversy, and that his dutiful sons sent him "west." The New York World is investigating the story in Madison and Blair.

This is probably another "pipe." That there is some mystery about the father of the oil king is true, but to heap abuse on the dead, because his son is unpopular, is highly improper, if not indeed an indecent disregard for the defenseless grave.

YES, JUST WAIT.

The Milwaukee Free Press, observing something peculiar in official activities in Washington, says:

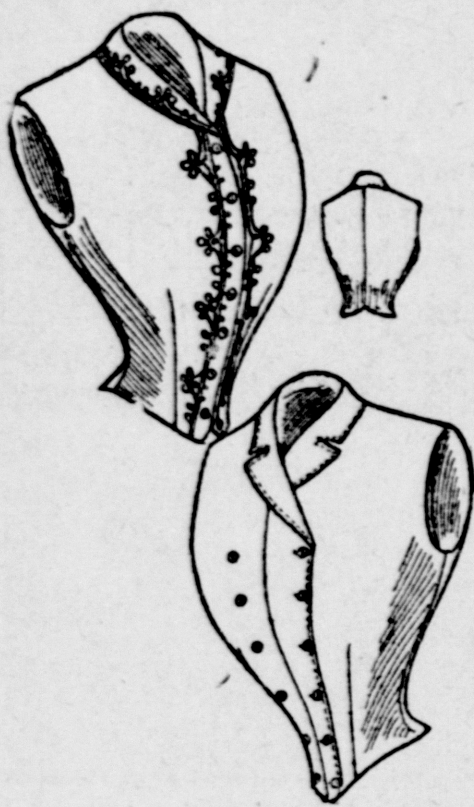
"Mr. Taft is said to have asked Mr. Frank H. Hitchcock, first assistant postmaster general, to take charge of his political interests in the south and the east. A postmaster general does not look well managing the pre-convention campaign of any candidate. There is too much of the federal office-holding interference look about it. President Roosevelt served notice on all of them of the great impropriety of any demonstration on their part in behalf of delegation for him. Wait until he sits down on Hitchcock, if he takes hold for Taft, and on Taft for asking him to!"

The Free Press might have added that this same Mr. Hitchcock recently was said to have been active through his government office in behalf of the candidacy of Postmaster General Cortelyou, and that when the president heard of it, Cortelyou had an interview with the president, after which he said he had been given "a very bad deal from the White house," and that immediately he was taken ill, and his candidacy is now forgotten. And it will be remembered how all the papers said that the president had told Mr. Hitchcock, because he had "used the federal machinery for Cortelyou," that this was a violation of official trust, and "where to head in at."

Therefore the presumption that Mr. Hitchcock is not, while a federal official, is a little lead to

FASHION HINTS

(By May Manton.)



5868 Waistcoat in Single or Double Breasted Style, 34 to 44 bust.

The separate waistcoat is not alone a fashionable feature of the season. It is also an eminently practical one. Few, if any, of the coats are really sufficiently warm for actual cold weather and this extra garment allows of varying the weight as the day demands. Velvet, broadcloth, brocade, embroidery, all are called into requisition. Broadcloth is used in plain and elaborately braided, velvet both of the plain and the fancy sorts is well liked, and, indeed, almost every material of a similar sort is used and the garment can be made plain or elaborate as the costume demands one sort or the other. This model is peculiarly desirable as it allows a choice of single or double breasted closing and of the regulation or round collar. A third style also can be evolved by using the single breasted model, omitting the collar and meeting, in place of lapping the front edges. In the illustration the single breasted waistcoat is made of broadcloth with trimming of soutache applique, while the double breasted one is shown in the same material simply styled with belted silk in tailor style. Both are closed with handsome buttons, howsoever.

The waistcoat is made with fronts and backs and the fronts are fitted by means of single darts. The single breasted waistcoat is simply underfaced at the edges and finished with a round collar, but the double breasted one shows a seam at the center front with the coat collar and lapels finishing the neck.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is 1 1/2 yards 27 or 1 yard 44 or 52 inches wide. The pattern 5868 is cut in sizes for a 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inch bust measure and will be mailed to any address by the Fashion Department of this paper on receipt of ten cents. (If in haste send an additional two cent stamp for letter postage which insures more prompt delivery.)

Taft boom in the south, or anywhere, seems to be well founded.

F. Augustus Heinze is under arrest for certain transactions entered into by him as head of the New York bank which he recently brought into disrepute. It is said the case against him is not of a grave nature. In case his conduct proves not to have been such as to justify prosecution, there will remain the happy reflection that he was deposed from the banking business before he had a chance to create any more havoc.

The government having insisted on the Oil trust putting up the full indemnity of \$25,000,000, it is fair for Mr. Rockefeller to presume that Uncle Sam does not think his word is as good as his bond.

Admiral Brownson still insists that if a shell gave a hospital ship a stow in the ribs below the water line, Dr. Rixey could not remedy the situation by treatment of the cervical vertebrae.

John's dad's bones, they liza, John's dad's bones, they liza, John's dad's bones, they liza, mon d'ring in the grave. And up in Blair!

PERMANENT, NOT SPECULATIVE

(Boston Advertiser.)

The more the public invests in sound American industrial properties, then, the better it is going to be for the whole country. There is certain to be less anti-corporation legislation, because it is certain that the people are not going to allow that peculiar financial policy which made the trusts and other industrial corporations so unpopular in the past. The change will be very beneficial to the industries themselves, beneficial to the people who own them and beneficial to the general tone of business. It will make not only for settled business conditions, but for better business morals.

CHINAMAN WHO UNDERSTANDS.

(St. Paul Dispatch.)

What happens at Washington concerning the Orient will happen to the world. The United States has cannot keep out of oriental affairs, according to the farweld advice of Washington. But the United States cannot keep out of oriental affairs, and will have the chief influence in adjusting matters between China and Japan and the world. No man is better fitted, we venture to assert that no man is so well fitted, to oversee that great future adjustment as Minister Wu. He is the clearest eyed man in Washington. He has held official

JUST LIFE**For Love of You.**

For ages bards have chanted rhyme, About that dear old "pipe of mine," And told in flowered metaphors Of visions it invoked, of yore; The curling smoke they eulogize And dwell on how it satisfies,— Nor is there one who's mentioned yet The solace of the cigarette.

Old pipe of mine you are a dear, And often have you lent your cheer To soften bitter contemplations, And conjure up most fond creations; But somehow, when your spell is weak,

To me in softest tones, I fret Until I light my cigarette.

And when of my own skill it's born, The evening takes the hue of morn, And the fragrance of each sweet inhale

Brings peace, where my old pipe would fall To more than soothe a troubled thought,

Then leave my mind with worries fraught; I don't know what I wouldn't do, My cigarette, for love of you.

And when your curling rings form eyes That light the shadows, no surprise I feel; you're picturing in my dream Only that which might have been; And when a sigh dispels their charm,

Thy comfort stills my heart's alarm; I don't know what I wouldn't do, My cigarette, for love of you.

The jug is often the juggernaut.

He who talks little says much, when he does.

Self confidence is a ridiculous trait accompanied by inefficiency.

The loudest kicker may be depended upon to have very little money involved.

The world don't mind a man having a "bun" if he don't try to keep a string around it.

And then there's the fellow who asks "why should I care?"

Since life is such a fleeting dream, why not dream it out?

It is infinitely easier to make a reputation than live one down.

Most ignoramuses meet argument with a grunt of disgust and a hasty retreat.

It is hard to passenger a sinking ship if the leaks are visible.

Most ministers think twice of their living before speaking; and then lots of them remain silent.

Extravagance of language weakens the point.

Good people who live within themselves are not doing right by their fellows.

Crooks always commingle.

The words of him who talks too much of trifles, have little weight in necessity.

No wife will tolerate infidelity.

Men so silly as to act the fool to be laughed at are not uncommon.

They've got Horace McKinley, but "Little Egypt" appears to have coped the coin.

When the fellow you've had "sized" as broad, exhibits a narrow streak don't condemn him. That's nature and maybe he's trying to live it down.

Now that many La Crosse people have recuperated, financially, a mining scheme grafter is invited to show up.

—W. V. K.

AMERICA AND NEW CHINA.

(Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

The American record in dealing with China is more decent than that of any other nation. Since violence against Chinamen in the west is less common than it was, and, since the exclusion regulations are administered with more consideration and discrimination, we may hope that appreciation of our international decency in other relations will soften the memory of humiliations. What is equal to a purchasing market of 200,000,000 new people is a prize of commerce greater than some of the stakes over which prolonged wars have been fought by European nations. It is American statesmanship to contend for every opportunity presented by the new China.

ALADDIN OF LONDON

BY MAX PEMBERTON

(Authors and Newspaper Association Copyright.)

Alban walked swiftly up the White-chapel Road and was going on by Aldgate Station when the Reverend "Jimmy" Dale, as all the district called the cheery curate of St. Wifred's church, slapped him heartily on the shoulder and asked why on earth he wasted the precious hours when he might be in bed and asleep.

"Now, my dear fellow, do you really think it is wise? I am here because I have just been to one of those exhibitions of unadorned gluttony they call a City Banquet. Do you know, Alban, that I don't want to hear of food and drink again for a month? It's perfectly terrible to think that men can do such things when I could frame five hundred children who will go wanting bread tomorrow."

Alban rejoined in his own blunt way.

"Then why do you go?" was his disconcerting question.

"To beg of them, that's why I go. They are not uncharitable—I will hold to it anywhere. And, I suppose, from a worldly point of view, it was a very good dinner. Now, let us walk back together, Alban. I want to talk to you very much."

"About what, sir?"

"Oh, about lots of things. Why don't you join the cricket club, Alban?"

"I haven't got the money, sir."

"Bu, surely—five shillings, my dear boy—and only once a year."

"If you haven't got the five shillings, it doesn't make any difference how many times a year it is."

"Well, well, I think I must write to Sir James Jogg about you. He was telling me tonight—"

"If he sent me the money, I'd return it to him. I'm not a beggar, Mr. Dale."

"But are you not very proud, Alban?"

"Would you let anybody give you five shillings—for yourself, Mr. Dale?"

"...at would depend how he offered it. In the plate I should certainly consider it acceptable."

"Yes, but sent to you in a letter because you were hard up, you know. I'm certain you wouldn't. No decent fellow would. When I can afford to play cricket, I'll play it. Good night, Mr. Dale. I'm going back just now."

The curate shook his head protestingly.

"Do you know it is twelve o'clock, Alban?"

"Just the time the fun begins—in the world—over there, sir."

He looked up at the Western sky aglow with that crimson haze which stands for the zenith of London's night. The reverend "Jimmy" Dale had abandoned long ago the idea of understanding Alban Kennedy.

"He will either die in a lunatic asylum or make his fortune," he said to himself—and all subsequent happenings did not alter this dogged opinion.

The fellow was either a lunatic or an original. "Jimmy" Dale, who had rowed in the Trinity second boat, did not wholly appreciate either species.

"What is the world to you, Alban is not sleep better?"

"In a garret, sir, where you cannot breathe?"

"Oh, come, we must all be a little patient in adversity. I saw Mr. Browning at the works yesterday. He tells me that the firm is very pleased with you—you'll get a rise before long, Alban."

"Half a crown for being good. Enough to sole my boots. When I have shops of my own, I'll let the men live to begin with, sir. The shareholders can come afterwards."

"It would never do to preach that at a city dinner."

"Ah, sir, what's preached at a city dinner and what's true in Thrall Street, Whitechapel, don't ride a tandem together. Ask a hungry man whether he'll have his mutton boiled or roast, and he'll tell you he doesn't care a damn. It's just the same with me—whether I sleep in a cellar or a garret, what's the odds? I'll be going on now, sir. You must feel tired after so much eating."

He turned, but not rudely, and pushing his way adroitly through the throng about the station disappeared in a moment. The curate shook his head and resumed his way moodily eastward, wondering if his momentarily lapse from the straight and narrow way of self-sacrificing were indeed a sin. After all, it had been a very good dinner, and a man would be unwise to be influenced by a boy's argument. The Reverend "Jimmy" was a thousand miles from being a hypocrite, as his life's work showed, and this matter of the dinner really troubled him exceedingly. How many of his parishioners could have been fed for such an expenditure? On the other hand, city companies did a very great deal of good, and it would be churlish to object to their members dining together two or three times a year. In the end, he blamed the lad, Alban, for putting such thoughts into his head.

"The fellow's off to sleep in Hyde Park, I suppose," he said to himself, "or in one of his pirate's caves. What story he could write if he had the talent. What a freak of chance which set him down here amongst us—well born and educated and yet as much a prisoner as the poorest. Some day we shall hear of him—I am convinced of it. We shall hear of Alban Kennedy and claim his acquaintance as wise people do when a man has made a success."

He carried the thought home with him, but laid it aside when he entered the clergy house, dark and stony and cheerless at such an hour. Alban was just halfway down the Strand by that time, and debating whether he should sleep in the "caves," as he called those wonderful subterranean passages under Pall Mall and the Haymarket, or chance the climate upon a bench in Hyde Park. A chilly night of April drove

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

him to the former resolution and he passed on quickly; by the theatres now empty of their audiences; through Trafalgar Square, where the clubs and the hotels were still brilliantly lighted; up dark Cockspur Street; through St. James' Square; and so to an abrupt halt at the door of a great house, open to the night and dismissing its guests.

Alban despised himself for doing it, but he could never resist the temptation of staring through the windows of any mansion where a party happened to be held. The light and life of it all made a sure appeal to him. He could criticize the figures of beautiful women and remain ignorant of the impassable abyss between their sphere and his own. Sometimes, he would try to study the faces thus revealed to him, as in the focus of a vision, and to say, "That woman is utterly vain," or again, "There is a doll who has not the sense of an East End flower girl." In a way he despised their ignorance of life and its terrible comedies and tragedies. Little Lois Boriskoff, he thought, must know more of human nature than any woman in those assemblies where, as the half-penny papers told him, cards and horses and motor-cars were the subjects chiefly talked about. It delighted him to imagine the abduction of one of these society beauties and her forcible detention for a month in Thrall Street. How she would shudder and fear it all—and yet what human lessons might not she carry back with her. Let them show him a woman who could face such an ordeal unflinchingly and he would fall in love with her himself. The impertinence of his idea never once dawned upon him. He knew that his father's people had been formerly well-to-do and that his mother had often talked of birth and family. "I may be better than some of them after all," he reflected; and this was his armor against humiliation. What did money matter? The fine idealist of twenty, with a few coppers in his pocket, declared stolidly that money was really of no consequence at all.

He lingered some five minutes outside the great house in St. James' Square, watching the couples in the rooms above, and particularly interested in one face which appeared in, and disappeared from, a brilliantly lighted alcove twice while he was standing there. A certain grace of girlhood attended this apparition; the dress was rich and costly and exquisitely made; but that which held Alban's close attention was the fact that the wearer of it unquestionably was a Pole, and not unlike little Lois Boriskoff herself. He would not say indeed, that the resemblance was striking—it might have been merely that of nationality. When the girl appeared for the second time, he admitted that the comparison was rather wild. None the less, he liked to think that she resembled Lois and might also have heard the news from Warsaw today. Evidently she was the daughter of some rich foreigner in London, for she talked and moved with Continental animation and grace. The type of face had always made a sure appeal to Alban. He liked those broad contrasts of color; the clear, almost white, skin; the bright red lips; the open expressive eyes fringed by deep and eloquent lashes. This unknown was taller than little Lois certainly—she had a maturer figure and altogether a better carriage; but the characteristics of her nationality were as sure—and the boy felt to wondering whether she was also capable of that winsome sentiment and jealous frenzy which dictated many of the seemingly inconsequent acts of the little heroine of Thrall Street. This he imagined to be quite possible. "They are great as a nation," he thought, "but most of them are mad. I will tell Lois tomorrow that I have seen her sister in St. James' Square. I shouldn't wonder if she knew all about this house and the party—and Boriskoff will, if she doesn't."

He contented himself with this; and the girl having disappeared from the alcove and a footman announced, in a terrible voice, that Lady Smigg's carriage barred the way, he turned from the house and continued upon his way to the "caves." It was then nearly one o'clock, and save for an occasional hansom making a dash to a club door, St. James' street was deserted. Alban took one swift look up and down, crossed the street on a run and disappeared down the court which led to those amazing "tombs" of which few in London save the night-birds and the builders so much as suspect the existence.

He did not go alone; he was not, as he thought, unwatched. A detective, commissioned by an unknown patron to follow him, crossed the road directly he had disappeared, and saying, "So that's the game," began to wonder if he also might dare the venture.

He, at least, knew well what he was doing and the class of person he would be likely to meet down there in the depths of which even the police were afraid.

(To Be Continued.)

The Reason for Marrying.

"They say that he married her for her money."

"And what did he do when she lost her wealth?"

"He lost his reason."—Harvard Lampoon.

Real economy may be effected And thorough comfort obtained During cold weather.

If a Gas Radiator is At hand. With it the chill can be Taken off the room instantly. Ordinary coal stove heating Results in much discomfort

from smoke, dust and ashes.

Price \$1.50

GAS CO.

Both Phones 112

222 Main Street.

NORTH SIDE NEWS

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE
NORTH SIDE OFFICE
811 ROSE ST.
R. P. STANTON
JOS. K. KIDDER
NEW PHONE 785-A.
North Side Advertising and News handling
from this office.

did all that he could to stop the train.
Railroad men have concluded that the tracks were slippery and Blanchette was unable to stop the train when he saw the danger.
A strange incident in the investigation was the fact that through the entire proceedings the name "Blanchard" was used instead of Blanchette.

CORONOR'S JURY CANNOT FIX BLAME

TWO INQUESTS ARE HELD AS RESULT OF WRECK

JURIES GO INTO THE DETAILS

It Is Shown Blanchette Reversed Engine and Poured Sand Upon the Tracks Without Avail

Two separate investigations held by Coroner Werich of Jo Daviess county, Ill., to determine the cause of the deaths of John Blanchette, the Burlington engineer, and Winfield McGaughey, who were killed in the wreck at East Cabin, East Dubuque, Sunday afternoon, have been completed at Dubuque and the responsibility still remains unfixed upon anyone.

Juries Are Selected.
The inquest into the death of Engineer Blanchette was first held and following was the jury: B. A. Hamilton, E. A. Bruens, John Werner, O. D. Plummer, A. Stephens, John Allgeyer.
The jury in the McGaughey case was: Mayor Foley, Ben Werner, Charles Small, Nicholas Martin, Edward Henning.
Coroner Werich acted in both inquests.

No One Held Responsible.
Practically the same testimony was given in both inquests and the juries reached a verdict finding that the deceased came to their death by a collision between Chicago Great Western freight No. 72 and the C. B. & Q. passenger No. 51.
The jurors refused to lay the responsibility for the mixup upon any one.

It was generally believed in East Dubuque and here that the juries would fix the responsibility, and the verdict occasioned a little surprise.

Evidence Not Sufficient.
"There was not sufficient evidence produced to hold the Burlington responsible for the wreck," said Juror Hamilton in the Blanchette case. "It was shown in the inquest that the engineer had reversed the engine and had poured sand on the track. He

BLANCHETT COFFIN BANKED IN FLOWERS

RAILROAD ORGANIZATIONS AND FRIENDS SEND THEM SERVICES THIS AFTERNOON

Body is to be Taken to Old Home in Rock Island Tonight—William Doherty's Funeral

The funeral of John C. Blanchette, the "Q" engineer who was killed in the wreck at East Dubuque, Sunday, was held today at the house, 1611 Wood street, at 2 o'clock. Rev. A. L. Wood of the Calcedonia street M. E. church officiated and William Dwyer was in charge of the arrangements. The funeral was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased, among them being members of the different railway organizations.

The different organizations sent floral offerings that were most beautiful and the coffin was banked in flowers.

The body will be taken on the midnight train tonight to his former home in Rock Island, where interment will be made.

Wm. Doherty Buried.
William Doherty, the well known Holmen farmer who died recently at his home at that place, was buried here today in the Catholic cemetery.

The services were conducted by the Rev. Father Murphy of the St. James church at 10 o'clock and were largely attended. William Dwyer had charge of the arrangements.

NORTH SIDE BRIEFS

Miss Dora Harris left on the noon train yesterday for a few days' visit with relatives and friends at Winona. Joseph Betzel, of Prescott, Wis., enroute to Madison, stopped off this morning with his brother Edward Betzel, the operator at the Grand Crossing yard office.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Series of Fargo, N. D., Dec. 22, a ten lb. son, Mrs. Series was formerly Miss Agnes Lien of the north side.

Carl Spreen left today for Moberg where he will resume his duties as foreman of the steam shovel crew on the extension of the Milwaukee.

Mr. W. Hoeckner 2226 George street, who has been ill for some time with stomach trouble, is slowly recovering.

Mr. John Jensen at present holds the highest score for bowling at the

Father John's Medicine
For Coughs and Colds

PERSONAL

"I have taken twelve large bottle of Father John's Medicine. I have been troubled with Asthma and Hay Fever almost all my medicine last December, and have not had an attack since. It is the best medicine I have ever taken. (Signed) Mrs. Helen T. Hogan, 352 Willow St., Braddock, Pa." Sold by O. T. Erhart.

Kesslebach alleys on George street. Mr. Jensen's record is 1,417 pins in 20 balls.

R. O. Paul, an operator in the general offices of the Burlington on the south side, is laying off and has gone to Chicago. C. A. Giffun is taking his place during his absence.

M. T. Knight, who has been visiting in Galesville during the holiday week, has returned to his home on the north side.

Nrs. William Boice and Mrs. William Miller of the south side spent Tuesday at the home of Mrs. T. L. Vought, 2303 Loomis street.

John Ryan, who was seriously injured by a fall from the Mitchell Brewing company's addition, is slowly improving.

William Ryan, who has been laid up for some time with a severe attack of la grippe is recovering.

Miss Millie Blashek of Stoddard is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. G. W. Wolfe, 2031 Loomis street.

Miss Eva Jensen, daughter of Mrs. Della Jensen, is ill at her home, 2142 Kane street, with la grippe.

The regular meeting of the S. G. U. club will be held Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of Miss Schneider, 1024 Avon street.

Conductor T. McCarthy of the Duluth and Iron River branch is visiting his mother, Mrs. McCarthy, 1550 Prospect street. He will return to his duties in a few days.

CONSPIRACY EGGS FOR CUBA.

(New York Tribune.)

We have heard of late of an organized attempt, financed by persons not altogether uninterested in the sugar business, to foment grave disorders in Cuba. It is said to have been provoked by the knowledge that the provisional government of Cuba is preparing for the holding of municipal and provincial elections, preliminary to the national elections, and to have for its intent the precipitation of a chaotic state of affairs which will make it necessary to postpone indefinitely the holding of the elections and to retain indefinitely the American troops and the provisional government.

Knowledge of some such conspiracies in the past makes this tale of present plotting seem plausible. Knowledge of existing conditions in Cuba and of the disposition of the Cuban provisional government makes such a venture seem what insurance people would call an extra-hazardous risk. There is reason to believe that Governor Magoon is quite tired of having feather-brained fools or malicious criminals playing at revolutions and chicken stealing, and that he is disposed to deal with any such conspiracy in a way calculated to wound deeply their "patriotic" susceptibilities and to deprive society of their presence for a protracted period. A benevolent desire not to see fellow mortals suffer moves us to suggest that this is an uncommonly good time for mischief makers to steer clear of Cuba.

POULTRY SHOW SUCCESS.

ALBERT LEA, Minn., Jan. 8.—There are more than 1,000 birds in the big show of the Southern Minnesota Poultry and Pet Stock association, now being held here and in the list is a 4 1/4 pound turkey, a large flock of mallard ducks, a fine collection of Mongolian pheasants and some other rare specimens of the feathered tribes. The attendance is large and the indications are the association will come out of the show without a deficit. The exhibition will close on Wednesday of this week, after being open to the public seven days, not including Sunday. Saturday night the annual dinner was served and a large number of poultrymen from Albert Lea and vicinity as well as outside exhibitors partook of the extensive menu.

He Knew Thaw Would Wait.

Harry K. Thaw, awaiting trial for the second time for the killing of Stanford White is a stickler for punctuality. A few days ago he asked his lawyer, Martin W. Littleton, to come and see him at 11 a. m. the next day. It was 11:30 when Littleton arrived.

"Mr. Littleton," said Thaw, apparently greatly excited. "I requested that you call to see me at 11. It is now 11:30. Why are you half an hour late?"

Mr. Littleton eyed his client for a moment or two and then calmly replied:

"I knew I could always find you in."

Thaw made no reply.—New York World.

The Safe Way.

During a recent spell of bad weather, when the water supply was unusually muddy, a young woman of Philadelphia asked Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, the famous author and physician, how she could best safeguard herself in drinking the local beverage.

"First bail it," Dr. Mitchell answered, "then filter it, and afterward—drink ginger ale."—Philadelphia Press.



SENATOR ROBERT L. OWEN.

Robert L. Owen, United States senator from the new state of Oklahoma, has been under investigation by the interior department. As a result Secretary Garfield proposes to institute a suit in the federal courts to cancel certain deeds held by the senator in violation, it is alleged, of the law.

Senator Owen has been greatly concerned over the investigation. Two inspectors were sent to Oklahoma for the purpose of establishing the facts in connection with his acquisition of some 4,000 acres of lands situated in the richest section of the new state.

The report of these inspectors is now in the hands of Secretary Garfield, and it has been the subject of a preliminary conference between the secretary and the Oklahoma senator.

The latter claims that in acquiring the lands he did absolutely nothing that was unlawful. He insists that the deeds were obtained legitimately by his agents, he merely furnishing the money, and he does not believe his action can be questioned. In any event, he holds that the law is unconstitutional and he has expressed his willingness to have the matter tested in the courts.

It is said he paid as little as \$10 an acre for the land bought outright, and gave from \$25 to \$50 for powers of attorney which, of course, covered large areas. The interior department estimates that the land is worth many times what it cost Owen.

It is advantageously situated with respect to oil, as in the neighborhood are a number of producing wells.

Senator Owen will not relinquish his claims without a fight. As he is a rich man he can afford to conduct litigation.

IMPORTED FOODS IN GERMANY.

(New York Mail.)

It is pleasant to learn that our German cousins are diversifying their cheese and sausage diet by importations from without. During the present year they bought from other countries twice as many oysters as the year before and one-quarter more crabs. Figures at hand for nine months of 1907 indicate that when the year's full tale has been told the German importation of oysters will reach 646 tons; of crabs, 1,011 tons; of lobsters, 1,005 tons; of caviar, 292 tons; and of tropical fruits, 168,785 tons.

Senator Penrose at Poker.

United States Senator Penrose is considered well versed in many things, but, unlike many men of the world, knows nothing about the click of poker chips. Recently while in Washington he met a number of senators engaged in the fascinating American game. He lingered about the table chatting, to the annoyance of the players, and was finally invited to take a hand.

"Why, I don't know one card from another," he said.

"Well, we will fix up a schedule of the relative values of the different hands for you," said a western senator, with a wink at his colleagues. He proceeded to write down "one pair," up to a "royal flush." The Pennsylvania was to d that the hands increased in value from the top of the list to the bottom.

Penrose, not to be unsocial, bought a stack of chips, and mechanically played the game, frequently consulting his list.

"What is it when the cards are a' one color?" asked the senator, after a pot had been opened and several of his colleagues had "stayed."

"That's a flush," they exclaimed. Consulting the guide which had been given him and seeing that "flush" was near the bottom, he announced:

"I think I had better raise it."

The cards were drawn, and the Pennsylvania "stood pat." The opener threw in a white chip and the others followed suit, until it had reached Penrose, who again raised the pot to the limit—a \$10 blue chip.

No one "called," and as Penrose drew in the chips, one of the players inquired:

"What have you got?" Penrose threw down his hand, face upward, disclosing three hearts and two diamonds.

"That's not a flush," they all cried out.

"Isn't it?" drawled Penrose. "I guess I had better quit," and he cashed in a winner.

That was the only poker game he ever played.—Philadelphia Ledger.

When a woman goes to church, she tries to fix her mind on things above; so she thinks of her hat.

Some people are like a electric but-

DAILY MARKETS

CHI. MARKETS

(By Miner & Co.)
Chicago Markets.
WHEAT.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| May | 1.06 1/2 | 1.06 1/2 | 1.05 1/2 | 1.05 1/2 |
| July | 98 1/2 | 99 | 98 | 98 |

CO. AN.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 61 1/2 | 61 1/2 | 60 1/2 | 60 1/2 |
| July | 60 1/2 | 60 1/2 | 59 1/2 | 59 1/2 |

OATS.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 54 1/2 | 54 1/2 | 54 1/2 | 54 1/2 |
| July | 48 1/2 | 48 1/2 | 48 1/2 | 48 1/2 |

PORK.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| May | 13.35 | 13.70 | 13.50 | 13.55 |

Minneapolis Markets.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| May | 1.13 | 1.13 1/2 | 1.12 1/2 | 1.12 1/2 |
| July | 1.13 1/2 | 1.13 1/2 | 1.12 1/2 | 1.12 1/2 |

New York—Receivership applied for Great Western.

GOSSIP OF THE PIT.

CHICAGO: Wheat—A good deal is heard just now about increase in bearish sentiment and that before the bulls will give the market proper support prices will be allowed to decline several cents. There is probably considerable short selling at present but the bear forces do not appear to be well organized and should they see a profit of a cent or so they would all turn buyers and the old story of a sharp bulge would again be repeated.

The situation this forenoon seems to favor making moderate purchases of either wheat or corn on soft spots for quick profits.

Hogs are again in heavy supply, with prices at yards lower; from the standpoint of consumption the market for cash products is fairly healthy and there is talk of any advance in prices to consumers. Packers however are reaping best profit in years in cutting up hogs, and are hardly likely to lift prices higher and call further attention to this fact. At the moment it would seem that nothing short of a material increase in the speculative demand can hold market at present level.

New York: American stocks in London are heavy, 1/4 to 1/2 below parity. F. A. Heinze, as president of the Mercantile bank, was indicted and arrested for over-certification of checks. American Sugar meeting today, when reply to Spreckles charges are expected. Action on Northern Pacific dividend probable today.

Prudent Stickney in London making efforts to arrange Great Western financing with foreign capital. Reports from Pittsburgh of wholesale resumption of steel mills exaggerated. New steel orders at present said to be not more than 15 per cent of those of a few months ago. Time money continues to work easier here and abroad.

Liverpool opening: Wheat—3/4 to 1/2 lower; corn, unchanged.

Liverpool close: Wheat—unchanged to 1/4 higher; corn, 1/4 lower.

Chicago carlots: Wheat, 21 1/2; corn, 16 1/2; oats, 6 1/2.

Last year—Wheat, 69; corn, 193; oats, 109.

Hogs—Opening, estimated receipts today, 50,000; left over, 5,025; prospects, 5c lower than yesterday's average. Cattle, estimated, 22,000; steady to shade lower; sheep, estimated, 15,000; strong to 10c higher.

Chicago—Close, estimated receipts today, 56,000, market 5c lower; left over, 5,052, bulk, \$4.40 to \$4.45; estimated for tomorrow, 41,000. Cattle, estimated, 20,000; market steady to shade lower. Sheep estimates, 14,000; market strong to 10c higher.

New York—It is stated by an interest in North America Co., that it is not likely that quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent payable under usual circumstances, Dec. 1, but payment of which was ordered deferred.

Chicago—Local crowd got short, now covering. Northern Grain Co. good buyers.

FOOTBALL FANS HOLD CARLISLE DESTINY

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—Just to accommodate the football fans of the east, the famous Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., is likely to be left where it is despite a general official belief that it should be moved west.

The institution, maintained by the government and ruled by the war department, is the biggest of its kind in the country. Recently Colonel William C. Mercer, superintendent, died. He had long stood against moving the school, and prevented it. With him gone, the other party is likely to get the upper hand.

The people who "don't want the school moved, however, have discovered a strong card. Carlisle Indians are famous and popular at football. They are known and liked on every gridiron in the east. The football interest is being set at work, therefore, in the whole east, to bring pressure to bear on congress, in opposition to moving the institution. Indications are that the football kick will save the school to Pennsylvania.

The famous Portage team comes here Jan. 13th for a game.

COMPANY B MAKES PLANS FOR GAMES

Company B's fast basketball team has made arrangements with the Port Washington, Wis., team to play a game here the first week in February and the last of the same month the famous Hillsboro team will be brought here for a contest. Last year Port Washington won and lost a game with Portage.

The famous Portage team comes here Jan. 13th for a game.

HOGS DROP 25 CTS PER HUNDRED TODAY

PRICES RANGE ON WHOLESALE MARKET \$3.60 TO \$4.00

DECREASE IN CABBAGE, TOO

Vegetable Sells at \$1.50 per Barrel and Cranberries are Wholesaling at \$7 per bbl.

Hogs dropped 25 cents per hundred on the wholesale market this morning, and are now selling at \$3.60 to \$4.00 per hundred.

Cabbage, wholesale, advanced 25 cents per barrel today and is now quoted at \$1.50. Wisconsin cranberries are selling wholesale at \$7 per barrel.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 8, 1908.

Fruit, Oysters, Produce.

(Quoted by John C. Burns.)
Apples, N. Y. Baldwin, bbl. \$4.25
Apples, Wash. Ben Davis, box \$1.75
Bananas, per bunch \$1.75 to \$2.50
Oranges, navel, fancy, box \$3.90
Oranges, choice, box \$3.75
Lemons, 300 sizes, box \$3.75
Lemons, 260 size, box \$3.50
Cranberries, Jerseys, bbl. \$8.50
Cranberries, Wisconsin, bbl. \$7.00
Oysters, select, gal. \$1.60
Oysters, standard, gal. \$1.20
Oysters, select, per can \$3.25
Oysters, standard, per can \$2.85
Potatoes, per bu. \$6.00
Onions, per bu. \$6.00
Rutabagas, per bu. \$3.00
Cabbage, per bbl. \$1.50

Flour.

(Quoted by Listman Mill Co.)
Patent, per barrel \$5.80
Straight, per barrel \$5.60

Mill Feed.

Shorts, per ton \$22.00
Bran, per ton \$21.00
White middlings, per ton \$24.00
Red dog, per ton \$26.00

Grain.

(Quoted by W. W. Cargill Co.)
Winter wheat \$8.00 to \$8.50
Spring wheat \$9.00
Barley \$6.50 to \$7.00
Oats \$4.00 to \$4.50
Rye \$6.00 to \$6.50
New corn \$4.00 to \$4.50
Old corn \$6.00 to \$6.50

Live Stock.

(By Langdon-Boyd Packing Co.)
Hogs \$3.60 to \$4.00
Steers \$3.50 to \$4.50
Heifers \$3.00 to \$3.00
Cows \$1.50 to \$2.75
Sheep \$3.00 to \$4.00
Lambs \$4.00 to \$5.00

Provisions.

Lard, per pound 10 1/2 to 10 3/4
Hams \$12 1/2 to 12 3/4
Shoulders \$1.00
Bacon \$12 1/2 to 15 1/4
Dry beef \$15 1/2 to 17 1/2 c

Butter and Eggs.

(Quoted by Hawley Com. Co.)
Creamery, per pound \$31 to \$32c
Dairy, per pound \$25 to \$30c
Eggs, per dozen \$18 to \$22c
Eggs, on track, case \$5.40

Vegetables.

(Quoted by A. B. Moll.)
Vegetable oysters, bunch \$5c
Bulzle, bunch \$5c
Blue Point Oysters, ct \$45c
Eggs, strictly fresh, dozen \$25c
Creamery, per pound \$33 to \$34c
Dairy, per pound \$30 to \$32c

Larsley, bunch \$5c
New cabbage, each \$5c
Sweet potatoes, lb. \$5c
Potatoes, per bushel \$7.00
Carrots, peck \$15c
Cranberries, qt. \$12 1/2 c
Wax beans, lb. \$25c
Beets, peck \$20c
Celery, dozen \$30c
Cucumbers, each \$18 to \$20c
Lettuce, 2 bunches for \$5c
Rutabagas, pk. \$15c
Cauliflower, each \$15 to \$20c
Green peppers, dozen \$30c
Turnips, peck \$15c
Grape fruit, each \$12 1/2 c
Fresh tomatoes, lb. \$20c
Egg plant, each \$12 1/2 to \$20c
Fresh mushroom, lb. \$75c

Fish.

(Quoted by H. M. Slegers.)
Pickered \$8c
Pike, pound \$15c
White \$15c
Trout, pound \$15c
Salmon \$15c
Herring \$4 to \$5c
Halibut \$15c
Perch \$6c

Poultry (Retail.)

Old chickens \$10c
Young chickens \$12 1/2 c
Turkeys pound \$18c
Ducks \$13c
Geese \$12 1/2 c

Cheese.

(Quoted by Henry Andregg.)
Full cream brick, pound \$13 to \$13 1/2 c
Full cream Twin, pound \$16 to \$16 1/2 c
Full cream Young America \$16c
Full cream Swiss \$20c
German hand, per box \$9 to \$12c
Primo \$9 to \$12c

Hay and Wood.

Hay, wild, per ton \$8 to \$10
Hay, tame, per ton \$13 to \$14
Straw, ton \$6.00
Bottom wood, cord \$4.50 to \$6.00
Second growth oak \$5.00 to \$6.00
Old oak \$5.00 to \$5.50
Pine wood \$5.50
Dry wood, cord \$6.00

TAKE COLLECTION FOR CITY MISSION

The First Baptist church on South Sixth street is the first church in the city to take an offering for the benefit of the La Crosse City Mission. The first collection was taken Sunday and as a result over \$100 by the congregation for of the mission. Several in the city will take collections next Sunday to defray the expenses.

THROW THE LANDLORD OVERBOARD!



If it is profitable to him to rent his house to you, why is it not profitable to you, to rent your house to yourself? Own your own home, be your own landlord.

\$6000.00 buys the beautiful home shown above, has all modern conveniences, corner lot 60x150, good barn which can be remodeled into a house with little cost.

\$6000.00 buys strictly modern new house, lot 60x150, good barn, on State St., near 14th.

\$6000.00 buys 14 room house, city heat, two baths, two fire places, lot 64x150, on 7th St., near State.

\$6000.00 buys elegant modern house, corner lot 70x150, on Madison St., near 13th.

\$6000.00 buys modern eight room house, corner lot 50x150, on Main St., near 15th.

LET ME TELL YOU
NO TIME TO LOSE
IF YOU WANT
POTATOES FROM
CAR TOMORROW.
JOHN C. BURNS
FRUIT HOUSE. . .

IN WINTER

And all the Time

DRINK
NEBUER GINGER
ALE

N. S. BOTTLING WORKS
901-903 ROSE ST. BOTH PHONES

MADAME SOULE

LADIES' TAILORING

524 MAIN STREET
BOTH PHONES

BIEDERWOLF REVIVES
A KANSAS TOWN

The following comment on the work of Evangelist W. E. Biederwolf in Ottawa, Kansas, who was here a year ago, is found in the current issue of a religious paper.

"One hundred people for Christ in one night during the revival which has just come to a close at Smith Center, Kan. The meetings were under the direction of Evangelist W. E. Biederwolf and his associates. During three weeks, nearly a thousand converts were made, among the number being the sheriff of the county, the judge of the probate court, the county clerk, the mayor of the city, the city marshal, nearly every lawyer in the city, a congressman, three bankers, several doctors, many prominent business men, the whole football team, and every student in the high school except two. The personal work was under the supervision of Howard E. Taylor. A great chorus choir, directed by Homer Rodheaver, was also a potent factor. During the last four nights, over three hundred people made decisions for Christ. At the farewell meeting 2,500 people were in attendance.

"As the people saw many prominent citizens and popular young men marching down the aisles, a roar of applause arose from all parts of the tabernacle, which continued for half an hour, as one by one people stepped out to give themselves to Christ. Men and women went for joy at the sight; fathers and mothers fell on their knees, as they saw their girls and boys at the altar. The city marshal came forward, and when his son saw it, he went down the aisle to stand by the side of his father."

There is a reason why Grape-Nuts should correct a weak physical, or a sluggish mental condition. The food is highly nutritious and is pre-digested so that it helps the digestive organs to assimilate other food.

It is also rich in the "vital phosphates" that go directly to make up the delicate gray matter of brain and nerve centres. Read "The Road to Welville," in pkgs.

PERSONALS

The Eastern Star dancing party which was to take place Jan. 10th, has been postponed to Jan. 24th. Horace Grigg is here from North Dakota to attend the funeral of the late Charles MacDonald.

Bert Clifford, formerly of this city is renewing acquaintances here for a few days.

The Concordia Aid society will give a masquerade at their hall Saturday, Feb. 8.

Dr. S. R. Wakefield and Will McDowney were West Salem business callers yesterday.

Miss Pearl Kolstad of this city is visiting relatives and friends at Lansing.

Dr. George Powell, consulting physician and surgeon.

Mr. Arthur Tessmann of 1509 Badger street, returned last evening from Tomah and Columbus, Wis., where he has been spending the past ten days visiting friends and relatives.

It goes to the root of disease, strengthens and invigorates. Its life giving qualities are not contained in any other remedy. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea has stood the severest test—time. For thirty years the surest remedy. 35c. Tea or Tablets. Ask your Druggist.

John O'Keefe who was formerly employed in making the trains for the local postoffice, is in the city from Duluth for a few days' visit with relatives and friends, and will return to resume his duties Saturday. He has been employed at Duluth for the past two years.

All pine edgins, finest binding in the land. Arctic Ice & Fuel Co., phones 231.

Mrs. Nicholas Dieboldt arrived in La Crosse yesterday from Dubuque on account of the serious illness of her son John Dieboldt, of 1601 Denton street.

D. V. Smith left yesterday for Redfield, S. D., where he will spend a few weeks.

Mrs. Emma Darling of Bangor, Wis., is the guest of friends in the city for a short time.

Dr. W. L. Powell, diseases of women. Mrs. F. E. Peck of Henry, S. D., is spending a few weeks in the city with relatives.

S. E. Osen of Eau Claire is in the city for a few days visiting acquaintances.

She was the pride of the country "round."

Enviied by other girls was she; In beauty and health she did abound. By taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your Druggist.

You'll be healthy and happy if you Mrs. Dr. Bryan of Chetek, Ill., is the guest of her parents in the city.

Mrs. R. D. Sprague of Caledonia was the guest of La Crosse friends and relatives yesterday.

Miss Etta Peck of Plattville has returned to her school at Minneapolis after spending Sunday in the city with friends.

Mrs. O. J. Phillips is seriously ill at her home in Vine street with pneumonia.

If you want a carriage, get the Gateway City Transfer line. Phone 179.

A. C. Solberg of Spring Grove is spending a few days in the city with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Stevens of Decorah is spending a few days in the city with friends.

O. Klein of Decorah, Ia., is spending a few days in the city on a business mission.

E. Austin of this city left last evening for Olean, N. Y., to spend the winter.

Healer, clairvoyant, trance medium. Readings daily. Zeno Miller, 311 South 5th St.

SOCIETY

PRETTY AFTERNOON PARTY

IN HONOR OF BABY
Yesterday afternoon, Mrs. C. N. Dunham of 330 Cass street gave a charming party in honor of her little son's second birthday. It was not exactly a baby party, but nevertheless Master Charles Edward Dunham and the invited guests enjoyed themselves hugely.

Pink and green were the prevailing colors in the dining room, smilax being lavishly used as drapery and pink being followed out in the refreshments. The decorations from Christmas were still in their place, forming a most attractive background.

Delicious refreshments were served at five o'clock, the beautiful birthday cake filling the place of honor. It was a snow white cake with two pink candles reposing in pink rosebuds on its smooth surface, and the place cards were little fancy pink cakes in the shape of animals and hearts. Some very pretty presents were received by the baby and it was a most enjoyable affair. The following were the guests: Mesdames L. B. Raymond, W. J. Renkin, E. E. Dow, B. F. Selzer, E. G. Perkins, Dorothy and Frances Dow and Robert Perkins.

ELKS' INFORMAL FRIDAY.

Invitations are out for the Elks' informal dancing party to be held at Elks' hall Friday evening, Jan. 10. This is the first party given by the Elks since early in December, owing to the fact that the Charity ball came upon the last regular party date. The Elks parties are semi-monthly invitation affairs and always prove thoroughly delightful.

LIVE HUNDRED PARTY.

Numerous pleasant social functions have been given for Mrs. Levy of Cascade Locks, Oregon, who has been a guest in the city for some time. Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Harry Hirschheimer was hostess at a five-hundred party at which six tables were played. Twenty-five guests were entertained and the prizes were won by Mrs. Max Platz and Mrs. Levy.

The Ladies' Mission circle of the First Universalist church will meet with Mrs. George Scott, 119 North Eleventh street, Thursday afternoon.

CLUBS.
The "Eleven-five" 500 club was entertained last evening at the home of Mrs. Bernhard O'Connell at 115 South Seventh street.

MAY ANNOUNCE NAMES TONIGHT

The regular meeting of the police and fire commission will take place this evening, at which time it is expected that the names of the candidates for admission into the La Crosse fire department will be passed upon. Secretary L. C. Colman this morning said that the names would not be known this evening unless Col. Woodward returned, so that the commission would be able to complete their report.

"Nothing of importance will come up at this evening's meeting," said the secretary.

BOARD TO CLOSE YEAR'S BUSINESS

The directors of the La Crosse Board of Trade will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock for the purpose of closing the past year's business and arranging for the annual banquet.

Some of the patents and other propositions which have been before the board for some time, will also be passed upon, and a decision made as to whether any of them are to be accepted.

The patentees of some of the inventions wish to have them manufactured in this city, and capital may be raised to promote some of the propositions at the meeting this afternoon.

FROHOCK CASE IN COURT HERE TODAY

The case of the will of the late Mrs. Julia A. Frohock of 215 Mill street, formerly of the North side, is being tried in circuit court today before Judge E. B. Belien of Racine.

The will has been contested by the heirs on account of the fact that the entire estate was left to her granddaughter.

The case could not be tried by Judge Fruit because he had drawn up the will.

ATTENTION MACCABEES.

Ladies of the Maccabees, Hive 49, have changed their hall to K. of P. hall, Berger bldg. First regular meeting, Thursday night, Jan. 9. All members urged to be present. Important business.

IRVINE'S

The Popular Priced Jewelry Store.

WEDDING RINGS OF PUREST GOLD.

14K—18K—22K.

Jointless, Seamless, Solderless. The only real good Wedding Ring made. Each ring is made from one piece of solid gold.

A large and complete stock, all sizes, weights and patterns.

Tiffany Wedding Rings Plain Band Rings

W. T. IRVINE
Sign of the Post Clock.
429 Main St.

409-411-413
MAIN ST.

REITZEL'S

LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN



OUR
FAM-
OUS
CADET
HOSE



SPECIALS

Ladies' black ribbed hose, 35c at per pair

Ladies' black ribbed top hose, at per pair 25c

Children's heavy ribbed hose, at per pair 25c

Children's fine ribbed hose, at per pair 25c

Ladies' black ribbed top hose, at per pair 25c

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Children's heavy ribbed hose, at per pair 25c

Children's fine ribbed hose, at per pair 25c

Ladies' black ribbed top hose, at per pair 25c

Ladies' fast black seamless hose, regularly 19c values, at per pair 15c

Ladies' Fleece lined ribbed top hose, special at per pair 25c

Children's heavy ribbed fleece lined hose, regular 20c values, at per pair 15c

Ladies' cotton fleeced union suits, regular \$1.00 values, at 75c

Ladies' wool vests and pants, regular \$1.25 values at 98c

Children's cotton vests and pants, special at 25c

MENTOR SHRINK PROOF UNDERWEAR

Ladies' cotton fleeced union suits, each from 50c to \$1.25

Ladies' cotton fleeced vests and pants, per garment 50c

Ladies' wool union suits, per suit at \$2.50 to \$3.00

Ladies' wool vests and pants, per garment \$1.00 up to \$1.50

Children's cotton fleeced union suits, each at 50c

Children's cotton fleeced vests and pants, per garment from 75c to 1.00

Children's wool vests and pants, a garment from 25c up to 75c

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AWAIT HEARING OF INJUNCTION ORDER

Officers of the Saengerfest committee held a meeting yesterday afternoon, but no definite step in regard to the Saengerfest was taken. The committee will hold a meeting Thursday night, after the hearing upon the injunctive order restraining the city from building a temporary auditorium, and action may be taken at that time. It is stated that a suggestion made by Architect Hugo Schick, regarded as a last resort, is now being considered as the only means of securing the Saengerfest, provided the temporary injunction is made permanent. The ideas of having a stock company build an auditorium and of housing the fest in a tent have been abandoned. It is said that the city and Saengerfest association will not put up a fight when the injunctive proceedings come before Judge Fruit tomorrow, and this will mean practically that the injunction is sure to be made permanent.

The St. Paul Volksfreund, a German journal, a few days ago said that the recent step in La Crosse toward the Saengerfest association by Messrs. Cargill and Hixon was taken as a "slap in the face of the German-Americans." Local Germans, however, do not seem to take the matter in that light.

It is doubtful according to reports whether La Crosse will let St. Paul have the Saengerfest, but in case the Saengerfest does go to St. Paul, the local secretary and the "Festzeitung" will probably also go with it.

OFFICIALS TO COME.

Secretary John L. Utermoehl has received word from President Theodore J. Behrens of Chicago that he will be in the city to assist in adjusting matters here Saturday, and that the general secretary, George H. J. Kieck of Milwaukee and the treasurer, E. O. Knei of Madison, will both arrive in La Crosse Sunday.

HAS CLUE TO THE LAMOILLE ROBBERS

Several clues to the identity of the men who burglarized the general Willard store at La Moille, have been discovered by Sheriff Parr of Winona and the details have been received on a circular by Sheriff Burns of this county.

From the investigation made by Sheriff Parr, two men who were seen in the vicinity of Homer late Saturday evening and later near La Moille are suspected. They are supposed to have left on the east bound Milwaukee train following the robbery and may be in this vicinity.

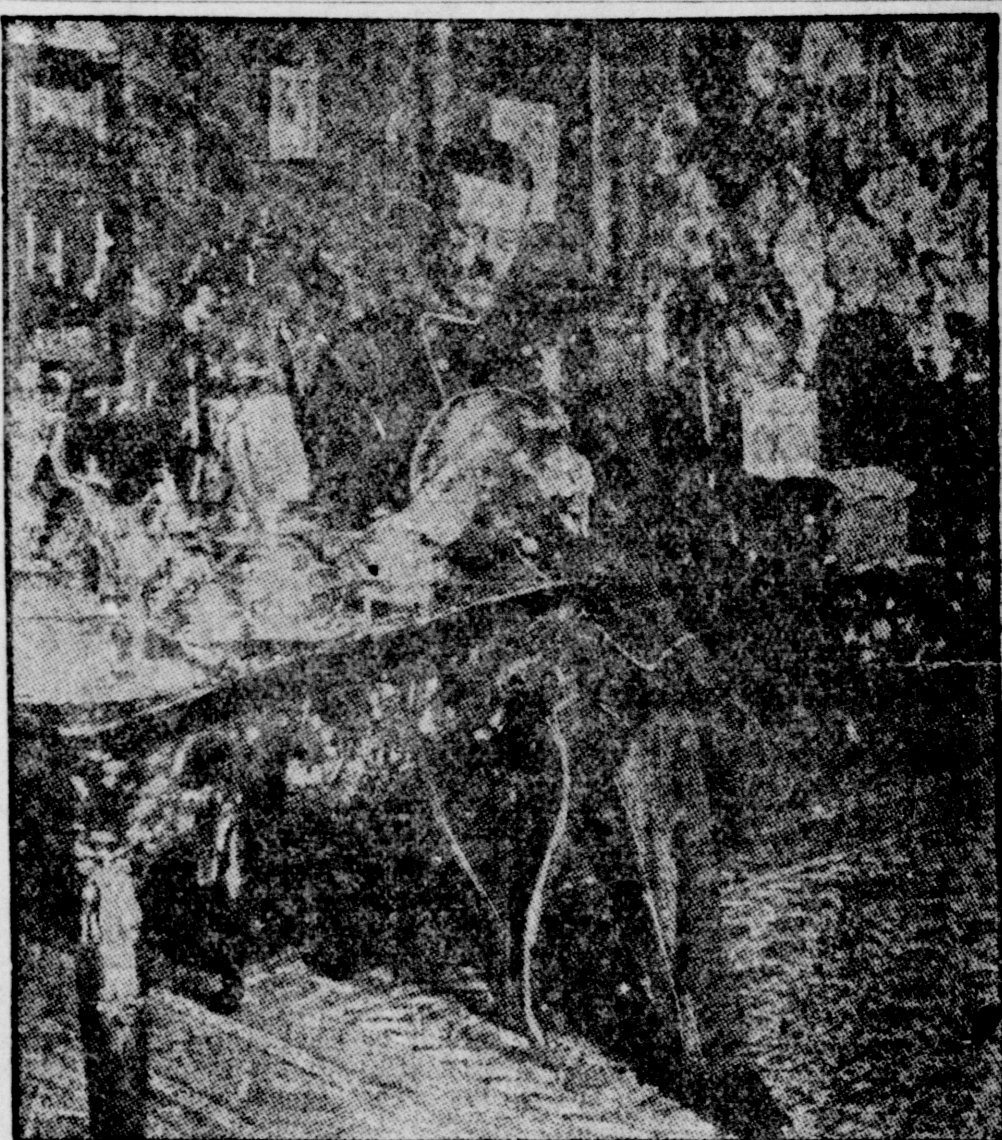
Following is a description of the articles taken and the men suspected of having committed the burglary:

Two brown sheep-lined duck coats, iron hook fasteners, wombat collars; one gray striped corduroy sheep-lined coat, loop fasteners, wombat collar; two pairs corduroy trousers; some shoes, Meier brand; some over-shoes, some Crown and some Sunset brand; pocket knives, Hackett & Mather brand; two razors; four dozen teaspoons, one set knives and forks.

Description of men: One about five feet eight or nine inches, sandy or brown mustache, wore dark cap, gray coat, gray socks drawn over outside of trousers. Other man about same size with dark cap and clothes, smooth face.

SCIENTISTS HURRY TO SEE VESUVIUS

NAPLES, Jan. 8.—Scientists of Europe are hurrying to Naples to study the phenomenal collapse of Vesuvius' cone into the crater and subsequent internal disturbances.



GUSTAV V, THE NEW KING OF SWEDEN, AMONG HIS ART TREASURES.

King Gustav is not only a monarch, but a connoisseur. His greatest delight is among his treasures of art, and he boasts a collection of splendid proportions which rivals any else of its nature in the possession of continental royalty.

EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY

APPEARANCE IN RECITAL

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15th

OF

MR. RUDOLPH GANZ

ONE OF THE FOREMOST PIANISTS OF THE PRESENT DAY

TWO REMARKABLE CURES OF ECZEMA

Over Twenty-three Years Ago Baby had Severe Attack—Years Later Grandfather Suffered Torments with the Disease—Virulent Sores Developed from Knees to Toes.

BOTH OWE COMPLETE RECOVERY TO CUTICURA

"In 1884 my grandson, a babe, had an attack of eczema, and after trying the doctors to the extent of heavy bills and an increase of the disease and suffering, I recommended Cuticura and in a few weeks the child was well. He is to-day a strong man and absolutely free from the disease. A few years ago I contracted eczema, and became an intense sufferer. A whole winter passed without once having on shoes, my ankles and nearly from the knees to the toes being covered with virulent sores. I tried practitioners, specialists, dermatologists, etc., to no purpose. My daughter-in-law reminded me of having prescribed Cuticura for my grandson more than twenty years ago. I at once procured the Cuticura Remedies and found immediate improvement and final cure, till to-day, though well along in years, I am as though I had never had that disease. I am well known in the vicinity of Louisville and Cincinnati, and all this could be verified by witnesses. M. W. LaRue, 845 Seventh St., Louisville, Ky., April 23 and May 14, 1907."

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of scalp, as in scalded head; the facial disfigurement, as in acne—all demand remedies of extraordinary virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are such stands proven by testimonials of remarkable cures when many remedies and even physicians have failed. One set is often sufficient to cure.

Cuticura Soap (25c) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c) to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Pills (50c) to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

THE ELLIOTT-LOEFFLER COMPANY

Wholesale Wines and Liquors

Imported and Domestic Mineral Water, Ginger Ales, Club Soda, Bass Ales, Dublin Stout, Etc.

FULL LINE OF BAR GLASSWARE

Both Phones 198
222 and 224 PEARL STREET

MONARCH VISIBLE
WE SELL
RENT AND REPAIR
TYPEWRITERS
S. J. de Ranitz & Co.
110 N. Third St.
Both Phones.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Bony Medicine for Bony People.
Bites Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A Specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney troubles, Piles, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. Its Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 25c a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

"THE LIGHTEST LIGHT MAN"
ROGERS
Electrical Work and Gasoline Systems at one-half the prices of any other firm.
Repair work a specialty.
New Phone 55-M. Old Phone 4611

YRIC THEATRE
318 MAIN
MOVING PICTURES
ADMISSION 10 CENTS

GET WISE HAVE US FIX YOUR TEETH
DR. J. W. LAWRENCE, DENTIST.
4th and Jay Sts. La Crosse, Wis.

P. O. MONEY ORDERS INCREASE \$20,000

STATEMENT SHOWN BY REPORTS OF POSTOFFICE

SUB-STATIONS CONTRIBUTE

Large Number of Orders Are Written at the Branch Offices on the North Side

Twenty thousand dollars is the amount over last year in money orders written at the main postoffice here in 1907, when over 3,000 more were written than in 1906. The money order business at the La Crosse postoffice for the year 1907 surpasses the amount written during the year 1906 by over one hundred thousand dollars. Nearly sixteen thousand orders were written at the main office. Over forty-one thousand dollars worth of postal money orders were written in 1907 on the North side sub-postal stations No. 1 and No. 2, the heaviest being at the Grand Crossing station at the H. L. Partridge Drug store, where the amount written was \$22,203.66. The tabulation of the business done at the main and various branch offices is as follows:

| Receipts—Orders written. | 1907. | 1906. |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| For 15,730 domestic orders at main office | \$101,169.57 | \$87,347.64 |
| For 2,401 domestic orders at station No. 1 | 18,907.79 | 14,394.94 |
| For 2,545 domestic orders at station No. 2 | 22,203.66 | 22,215.23 |
| For 534 domestic orders at station No. 3 | 11,520.72 | 11,629.69 |
| For 85 domestic orders at station No. 4 | 1,215.18 | |
| For 79 domestic orders at station No. 5 | 622.81 | |
| For fees on domestic orders from main office | 77.55 | 721.71 |
| For fees on domestic orders from station No. 1 | 145.53 | 126.95 |
| For fees on domestic orders from station No. 2 | 145.53 | 164.40 |
| For fees on domestic orders from station No. 3 | 92.32 | 87.55 |
| For fees on domestic orders from station No. 4 | 7.01 | |
| For fees on domestic orders from station No. 5 | 4.97 | |
| For 659 international orders at main office | 10,907.37 | 6,322.85 |
| For fees on international orders at main office | 106.39 | 79.91 |
| For drafts on postmaster, New York | 44,000.00 | 23,000.00 |
| For postal funds transferred | 6,000.00 | 10,000.00 |
| For deposits from other postoffices | 639,032.73 | 575,643.41 |
| Total | \$855,978.91 | \$751,734.34 |
| Disbursements— | 1907. | 1906. |
| For 99,802 domestic orders paid at main office | \$477,468.81 | \$448,391.64 |
| For 24 domestic orders paid at station No. 1 | 254.44 | 237.93 |
| For 22 domestic orders paid at station No. 2 | 205.18 | 45.90 |
| For 12 domestic orders paid at station No. 3 | 79.00 | 85.50 |
| For 1 domestic order paid at station No. 4 | 3.90 | |
| For 180 international orders paid at main office | 2,883.41 | 5,454.13 |
| For deposits in Chicago | 321,000.00 | 295,000.00 |
| Total | \$801,773.54 | \$749,235.10 |
| Includes \$54,137.00 deposited by stations in main office. | | |

BOTH OSHKOSH AND GREEN BAY ARE AFTER HAWLEY

(Continued from page one.)

nected with the Cella-Adler syndicate which has been such a factor in running track circles, was formerly manager of the Ft. Smith (Ark.) baseball club.

How "Pink" Was Named

"It was fifteen or sixteen years ago that he happened to be in Hot Springs just after 'Pop' Anson and his White Sox had left that training resort. Among the youngsters tried out by Anson were the Hawley battery, composed of 'Pink' the pitcher and 'Lue' the catcher. They acquired these names through the fact that they were twins and wore bits of ribbon in their buttonholes so that others could tell which was which. The pitcher wore pink ribbon and the catcher blue ribbon and the nicknames stuck.

"Adler decided to give them a trial and took them to Ft. Smith. The first game in which the battery worked was against Van Buren. McGinnity, now of the Giants, then only a boy in his teens, pitched for the opposing club.

Tough Luck.

"'Ft. Smith lost,' says Adler, 'but it was through no fault of Hawley, for he struck out twenty-one men and did not allow a hit. Van Buren scored the only run of the game on errors. Hawley had better luck after that and did so well that I took him up to St. Louis and sold him to Chris Voe der Ahe. He did great work for the old Browns and Chris sold him to Pittsburgh.'

WANTS JACKSON'S HOME PRESERVED

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—Jackson Day was signalized in the house today by Representative John Wesley Gaines, Tennessee, introducing a resolution for the preservation of the Jackson home near Nashville, Tenn. He asked that \$3,000 be appropriated annually for three years, and \$1,000 annually thereafter.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—A cook and second girl. Call 1141 Main.

LOST—Blue enamel '08 high school pin. Return 518 South Fifth st. Reward.

SHUR-ON EYEGLASS
DO YOU WANT Glasses That Fit?
Of Course you do. Everybody Does, the Best Place to Get What You Want is at
C. B. STEVENS, OPTICIAN.
209 McMillan Building

PHYSICIAN WINS A PARTIAL VICTORY

TELEGRAM INVOLVING CASE WAS DELAYED

PRISONER CAN'T WAIVE RIGHT

Supreme Court Holds That Prisoner Has no Right to Agree to Short Jury; Other Decisions.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 8.—(Special.)—Dr. Charles Barber of Madison, a physician who sued for \$1,500 damages against the Western Union because of the non-delivery of a message, which lost him a valuable tuberculosis case, won a partial victory in the supreme court today when that tribunal sent the case back to the lower court for retrial because certain evidence supporting Dr. Barber's contentions had been excluded by the lower court.

In the case of Limer Jennings, of Fond du Lac, against the state, the court held that the defendant in a criminal case cannot waive his constitutional rights by accepting a verdict of eleven men of jury. The verdict of the lower court in this case had been against Jennings. He had accepted eleven men as a jury and

appealed from an adverse verdict. Whether oleomargarine colored like butter may be sold in this state was not decided by the court, which sent the case back to the lower court on account of newly discovered evidence in favor of the state. The circuit courts in this state have already held both ways, and it is expected the new trial will definitely settle the question.

Other Decisions.

The case of the Columbian Baking Powder company vs. John Bowen, in which the lower court held Bowen responsible for payment of a draft presented for payment two months after its issuance, was affirmed.

The case of Herbert Stocking et al. vs. Warren Brothers Co., in which Stocking a citizen enjoined Superior from letting a contract for a patent pavement to the defendant was affirmed. The lower court held in favor of Stocking, the question involving patented materials.

A lower court decision awarding John W. Haselicht \$181.25 damages against the Omaha road for the death of a horse, was affirmed, it being shown the railroad did not have its tracks properly fenced at a station.

In the case of Fred Kronemiller vs. the Duluth and Superior milling company the lower court, which nonsuited the plaintiff, was reversed. Plaintiff claimed he was hired at \$75 per month and not permitted to go to work when he appeared. He demanded the first month's pay.

In the case of John Polaski vs. the Pittsburgh Coal Dock company the decision of the lower court in throwing the case out, was reversed. Plaintiff is given permission to sue the company for the loss of one of his legs.

Isabelle Wilson sued the Chippewa Valley Electric railway and secured

Parker JEWELER
310 MAIN ST.
LA CROSSE, WIS.
Very Often
a watch may seem to be beyond repair, when, as a matter of fact, it can be restored to its original condition and render many more years of valuable service. It depends on your watchmaker. We do the best work at moderate prices.
Parker JEWELER
310 MAIN ST.
LA CROSSE, WIS.

LITTLETON COUP BIG SURPRISE TO ATTORNEY JEROME

Continued from page one.)

adjournment only two more jurors had qualified as tentative jurors, although 28 were examined during the morning. Jurors thus far qualified are as follows:

John H. Holbert, president of the Spring Water camp, was accepted as tentative juror No. 8. The trial was resumed at 10:30 this morning. John Entwistle, a contractor, was accepted as tentative juror number 9. Immediately after the noon recess David E. Arrowsmith, manager of the Harlem Steam Crane company, was accepted as tentative juror No. 10.

A Storm Breaks.

At 5:20 o'clock last evening the last man had been selected and the twelve chairs were filled. The talesmen who were left hugged themselves for joy. But a cyclone was coming and nobody saw it plainer than the defendant. He had begged his lawyers to take their time in selecting the jury.

Thaw Passes on Jurors. "I'm not in a hurry," he said to his counsel. "The wishes of myself and my wife must be deferred to. There are men three we do not care for."

He had kept accurate description of every juror selected. He had conferred with his wife about them. Both had expressed their likes and dislikes.

It has been plain almost from the start that young Mrs. Thaw has not liked several of the men selected and she has spoken to her husband unreservedly about them.

On the side of the prosecution the tempest was brewing in the hearts of District Attorney Jerome and his assistant, Garvin. They had learned some things about a few of the jurors and were ready to blow up the whole structure.

The storm broke shortly after court was called to order in the night session.

Four Challenged by Jerome.

The first move on the chess board belonged to the prosecution. Jerome arose and in a stony voice, peremptorily challenged Jurors Hatchett, Goss, Weiss and Fraler. Juror Roberts had been previously released by consent.

Slowly the four excused men took up their coats and hats and departed.

In equally set terms Martin Littleton arose and excused Jurors Moorwood, Sanford, Bouvier and Pitcher. They, too, meandered slowly from the room, marveling at the queer processes of the law.

The depleted jury box looked like the far end of a bowling alley from which all the pins but three were down. The three survivors were:

No. 1—Charles E. Gremmels.
No. 7—Arthur R. Naething.
No. 9—George W. Carey.

Thus all the fervid eloquence of Jerome as to the desirability and speed of selecting tentative jurors as expressed to the court, was put to naught.

New Men Named.

During the night session seven jurors were chosen, as follows: George C. Rupperecht, wholesale grocer, No. 4; Moses Greenbaum, insurance agent, No. 5; John R. Maginn, retired, No. 6; Thomas Cranford, printer, No. 7.

COURT IS FILLED WITH YOUNG LADS

(Continued from Page One.)

stole grain fifteen times, stole chickens and wash boiler.

Morris Craigen, 12, 1352 Kane street, stole grain thirteen times, stole wash boiler, chickens and has police record.

Edward Stringer, 14, 1519 Caledonia street, stole grain thirteen times, tapped till, has police record.

Cleveland Valquette, 14, 1102 Rose street, stole grain fourteen times, stole wash boiler, arrested Hallowe'en.

Fred Miller, 15, 1016 Avon street, stole grain five times, July 13, 1904, stole picnic beer bottles; July 19, 1905, tapped till Mrs. A. Moore; Nov. 20, 1906, threw stones through car windows; Sept. 17, stole \$10 ice cream, Dec. 11, stole grain, committed Industrial school.

Edwin Wicksberg, 14, 1540 Charles, stole grain three times, stole wash boiler, forged order to secure boiler, arrested Hallowe'en.

John Schiffer, 13, 1017 Hill, stole grain twice, pulled fire alarm box.

Elmer Larson, 13, 1453 Charles, stole grain twice, stole copper boiler.

Melvin Fredericksen, 14, 1342 Rose, stole grain nine times, stole chickens.

Louis Scholberg, 15, 1116 Berlin, June 14, 1904, stole gold watch of Mrs. I. Ranun; Nov. 20, 1906, hrew stones at car windows; Nov. 16, 1907, paid fine for Hallowe'en rioting; Dec. 11, stole grain, also stole gold bracelet and set ring of Fred La Koske. Committed to Industrial school.

John Johnston, 15, 1131 South Fourth street, stole grain nine times, tapped till.

Fred Halgen, 14, 1418 Rose, stole

\$4,500 on the second trial. This reversed because the defendant was not allowed to submit its motions.

Clara Zoesch's husband was killed in a paper mill and she sued the company for damages. Judge Vinji took the case from the jury on the ground plaintiff had no proof of claims. This decision is reversed and the case will go to trial.

In the case involving the signing of vouchers by the mayor of Janesville for aldermen's salaries after the city attorney had decided such salaries were illegal, the lower court issued a mandamus demanding the mayor sign the vouchers. The mayor, on appeal, and the supreme court reversed the lower court's decision.

GORMAN LAD GETS 2 YEAR SENTENCE

PROSECUTED FOR ROBBERY OF WEST SALEM STORE

GORMAN LAD IS FOUND SANE

Re-examination Upon Motion of District Attorney Otto Bosshard Reverses First Doctor's Decision

Gorman H. Gorman, aged 18 years, known in West Salem, as home, as Gorman McDowd, was re-examined to his sanity late yesterday afternoon on request of District Attorney Otto Bosshard and pronounced sane. Drs. Edward E. Evans and A. Gunderson performed the second examination, after Drs. S. R. Wakefield and C. H. Marquardt had pronounced the boy insane earlier in the afternoon.

This afternoon Gorman, robber of the West Salem Cash Trading association store on Dec. 19, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of burglary and was sentenced to two years in the state reformatory at Green Bay. Alfred Olson, aged 19 years, a pal of Gorman, pleaded not guilty. He was arrested yesterday afternoon.

Alfred Olson, Gorman's alleged accomplice, refused to plead, upon advice of his attorney, O. R. Skaar, because the complaint was dated in "December, 1908," a clerical error. District Attorney Otto Bosshard dismissed this complaint and immediately re-arrested Olson on a new one. Skaar again advised Olson not to plead on the ground the legislature erred in granting Judge Brindley exclusive criminal jurisdiction in La Crosse county. The hearing was adjourned until Friday morning.

District Attorney Bosshard made the application for the second lunacy commission, not being satisfied with the result attained in the first inquiry. The second examination proved the district attorney was correct.

The robbery of the West Salem Cash Trading association store was traced by the gift of a bracelet by young Gorman to a sweetheart. She told the county officials of the gift and the robbery was traced to Gorman. When he heard of the accusation against him, he fled from West Salem. Boarding a freight train he started east, with Deputy Sheriff Morgan Evans in pursuit. Evans missed the first train, but wired to Sparta, Wis., to arrest Gorman if he appeared there. When the train stopped at Sparta Tuesday morning Gorman was arrested.

While the deputy sheriff was pursuing Gorman, the boy's foster father Martin McDowd, made application to have the youth examined to his sanity. Drs. Wakefield and Marquardt pronounced him insane, when District Attorney Bosshard asked for a second examination. This was held last night, the prisoner declared sane and arraigned this afternoon.

grain four times, member Hallowe'en gang.

Guy Parker, 16, 1426 Berlin, pleaded not guilty.

John Dore, 11, 1013 Berlin, stole grain eight times, stole at Ten Cent store.

Edward Dore, 9, 1013 Berlin, accompanied brother, discharged.

Sylvester O'Gar, 11, 916 Caledonia, stole grain twice.

Harry Katchel, 16, 1335 Wood, stole grain twice.

Ralph Chryst, 17, 1310 Charles, stole grain three times.

John Schneider, 11, 1024 Avon street, stole grain five times.

Norman Iverson, 15, 913 Avon, stole grain once.

Each Tells Story.

One by one the youthful prisoners were compelled to face Judge Brindley and enter a plea. Every one pleaded guilty with the exception of Guy Parker. After the plea each one told his story of theft, how many times he had robbed cars or had been engaged in other robberies.

A note from George Egge, 1306 Kane street, to one of his pals was read in the court room. It follows:

"Come on down to the tracks tonight, ain't so? We'll get some more feed and sell it, and we'll go down town. I'm going to get a couple chickens. Wait for me after school. Write soon."

"George E."

Fond parents pleaded that their children be returned on promise to look after them in the future. Father and mothers made eloquent pleas for their offspring, firmly convinced of their innocence. However, Judge Brindley failed to sentence any today, with the exception of Scholberg and Miller, whom he committed to the industrial school. The remaining defendants, with the exception of tiny Edwin Dore, aged 9 years, were ordered to report in the court room tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, when sentence will be passed. It is probable fines will be inflicted and none allowed to go unpunished.

The alleged theft in the complaint occurred on Dec. 18, when three sacks of corn and two sacks of wheat, valued at \$0, were stolen from the cars in the Milwaukee yards. The seal on the car was broken, but none of the boys admitted this act of vandalism.

The police believe the arrest and conviction of the entire gang of youngsters, with the commitment of two to the industrial school, and probable commitment of four more tomorrow morning, will break up the petty thievery, which has troubled the North side for several weeks.

Special Agent Rainey, one of the detectives of the Milwaukee road, took a prominent part in assisting the La Crosse police in catching the youthful robbers.

SCROFULA AN INHERITANCE OF DISEASE AND SUFFERING

No truth is more forcibly manifested in physical life than the old saying "like begets like;" for just as the offspring of healthy ancestry are blessed with pure, rich blood, insuring health and strength, so the children of blood tainted parentage inherit a polluted circulation to burden their existence with disease and suffering. Swollen glands about the neck, brittle bones, weak eyes, pale, waxy complexions, running sores and ulcers and general poor health, are the usual ways in which Scrofula is manifested. In some cases the blood is so filled with the scrofulous germs and tubercular matter that from birth life is made miserable with suffering. Others who inherit the disease succeed in holding the trouble in check during young, vigorous life, but when the system has begun to weaken and lose its natural vitality, and especially after a spell of sickness, the ravages of the disease will commence, and in a great many cases terminate in Consumption. S. S. S. is the very best treatment for Scrofula. It renovates the entire circulation and drives out the scrofulous and tubercular deposits. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and it not only goes to the very bottom of the trouble and removes the cause and cures the disease, but it supplies the weak, anemic blood with the healthful properties it is in need of. S. S. S. is made entirely of healing, cleansing roots, herbs and barks, and is an absolutely safe remedy for young or old. Book on the blood and any medical advice about Scrofula given free of charge.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT

AND

open an account with the Batavian National Bank. Savings Deposits made on or before the 5th of January draw interest from the 1st.

This bank was established in 1861, passed through the panics of 1873, 1893, and 1907 and is stronger today than ever.

Condensed Statement of the Condition of the

STATE BANK OF LA CROSSE

La Crosse, Wisconsin, at the Close of Business, Dec. 3, 1907.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Loans and discounts | \$ 681,253.36 |
| Overdrafts | 434.73 |
| Banking house, furniture and fixtures | 8,000.00 |
| U. S. and other bonds and securities | 73,053.50 |
| Due from banks and in vaults | 258,375.64 |
| Total | \$1,021,117.23 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| Capital stock | \$ 50,000.00 |
| Surplus | 50,000.00 |
| Undivided profits | 19,321.33 |
| Deposits | 901,795.90 |
| Total | \$1,021,117.23 |

LA CROSSE THEATRE THURSDAY, JAN. 9th

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

ITALIAN GRAND OPERA

100 ARTISTS COMPANY Orchestra of 30

IN VERDI'S MASTERPIECE

"IL TROVATORE"

The Following Noted Principals:

MME. NORELLI, MME. COLOMBALLE, M. LOUIS SAMALOV, SIG. F. ZARA, SIG. A. OTERI AND SIG. PEZZETTI.

Prices 50c to \$2.00 SEATS SELLING

W. B. CORSETS

Best Without Costing Most

ALL DEALERS SELL THEM AT \$1.00 UPWARDS
WEINGARTEN BROS., Makers, 377-379 Broadway, N. Y.

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Help Wanted—Male

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade, few weeks completes, 60 chairs constantly busy, licensed instructors, tools given, diplomas granted, wages Saturdays, positions waiting, wonderful demand for graduates, write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer at Hotel Grand, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—16 year old boy wants position, either as errand boy or in office. Address C., Tribune.

Help Wanted—Female

WANTED—Competent cook at Mrs. W. W. Withee's, 1434 Cass.

WANTED—Kitchen and dining room girls, Hotel Bronson.

WANTED—Girl at 413 No. 9th St.

For Sale

FOR SALE—A snap, 5 horse power wood sawing machine. Cheap if taken at once. Enquire 828 South Third street.

FOR SALE—Fifty acre farm, joining the city of Sparta. Very cheap if taken at once. Chas. Gantke, Sparta, Wis., R. F. D. No. 6.

FOR SALE—At once, rugs, 311 So. 5th.

FOR SALE—Small horse suitable for small delivery or driving. Inquire 1232 Caledonia.

FOR RENT—Pleasant single room with private bath, \$7.00 per month. 507 So. 5th St.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Steam brick yard with two machines. Hand yard with tempering wheel and other fixtures. Formerly owned by Sherwood and Johnson. Will sell machinery for steam yard separate if desired. Johnson & Baker, Dresbach, Minn.

FOR SALE—Scotch terriers, 424 No. 4th St.

FOR SALE—Pedigree English setter puppies, \$5.00, if taken at once. 615 So. 8th.

FOR SALE—One A No. 1 Buffalo coat; cheap. Phone 9851 Old.

For Rent

FOR RENT—Front suite of rooms furnished or unfurnished. Strictly modern. 214 South Seventh.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Miller's farm, north of Golf links. An ideal location for a dairy or truck farm. Address, Mrs. J. P. Miller, La Crosse, Wis. Gen. delivery.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, 799 So. Fourth.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, heat, electric light and bath, in private family. Gentlemen preferred. 62 So. 7th St.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, suitable for two, \$1.50 a week. 424 No. 4th St.

FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms, including city heat and bath. 395 So. Fifth St.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms. All conveniences. Gentlemen preferred. 718 Main St.

FOR RENT—Very desirable furnished room, city heat, electric light, convenient to bath room. 926 Main street, Telephone.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 610 Mississippi. Rates, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50.

Insurance

GENERAL INSURANCE—Fire, Life, Accident, Liability, Plate Glass, Burglary, Sprinkler Leakage, Bond. Only first class companies represented. C. S. Van Auker, No. 328 Pearl

Milk and Cream

MILK, CREAM AND BUTTERMILK delivered. Joseph Beutler, 721 South Fourth street. New phone, 488A; old, 9674.

Lost

LOST—New Year's eve, milk collar-ette on Mormon Coulee Road. Return to Bart Brg. Co. for reward.

LOST—Gold bracelet, monogram D. V., between Rose and Avon on 5th street, or down to St. Paul. Return to Daisy Van Burg, 1112 Avon and receive reward.

LOST—Little silver watch at Milwaukee Depot. Return to Tribune. Reward.

LOST—A black fur, between Mill and Avon; return to Tribune. Reward.

MINNESOTA AND THE NORTHWEST

FINDS "AFFINITY"
IN HALL OF SOLONS

LEGISLATOR'S WIFE DEMANDS
\$20,000 ALIMONY

JOHN C. COTTRELL IS SUED

Eloquence Wins Fair Woman's
Love—She Gains Consent of
Husband to "Affinity" Match

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 8.—A love drama in real life, presenting most remarkable features, and having some of its settings in Chicago, came to light here. How a woman married the man who adored her, was won from him by the silver tongue of a legislator of the state of Iowa through a speech made on the floor of the legislature, is told in the first act.

How that same woman, taking the photograph of the man whose eloquence had won her heart, to her own husband, pleaded for a divorce, that she might be free to marry him, and how the heart-broken husband yielded to her pleadings, dividing his estate and going off to seek his lonely fortune elsewhere, makes up the setting for the second period of the extraordinary play.

Then the lights became low and the wife of the legislator, weeping for the love that she has lost, pleads with the forsaken husband not to permit his wife to be divorced, that she may marry her husband to whom she still clings with love and devotion.

The two deserted people discuss their grief in solitude, and the husband remains firm in his determination to permit his wife to go to the man she loves.

From the pathos of this scene there comes the harsh discord of divorce and the deserted wife, unable to hold the husband against his will, filed a suit for divorce.

John C. Cottrell, member of the Iowa legislature, mayor of Kingsley, and the wealthiest man in the legislative body, is the defendant in the suit for \$20,000 permanent alimony filed in the courts of Plymouth county, Iowa, on Saturday.

The suit was started upon the discovery of letters which Mrs. Cottrell found in her husband's pockets. She began a system of detective work and uncovered the case perfectly, which both the husband and Mrs. Hough have admitted.

"I love John Cottrell. There was a peculiar eloquence for me in the speech made by him on the 2-cent fare bill before the house of representatives last winter," declared Mrs. Hough at her home, "and although I have never seen him before, and despite the fact that I was married to another, I have loved him ever since."

With these words the prominent club woman of Des Moines acknowledged her love for the gentleman from Plymouth county.

Following the startling declaration, Mrs. Hough related the details of her romance and love at first sight with John C. Cottrell, who is the father of grown children, and the subsequent denouement when she related the cold facts to her husband, discussed the situation with him, and finally received his blessing. They agreed to a divorce and a division of their property.

Cottrell was married in 1881 at Belle Plaine, Ia., to Amelia, the wife of one seeking a divorce. Mrs. Cottrell alleges that Cottrell met Mrs. Hough in Kansas City, and at another time in Chicago.

She alleges that later, when she found a letter from Mrs. Hough addressed to him in loving terms, Cottrell admitted his friendship with Mrs. Hough.

"When the legislature adjourned Mr. Cottrell went back to his home at Kingsley. I wrote to him a few times. I entertained Mr. and Mrs. Cottrell at my home one evening before they left. Then we exchanged a few letters. It was one of these which fell into Mrs. Cottrell's hands," continued Mrs. Hough.

"When my husband returned I went to him and showed him Mr. Cottrell's picture. I then told him I had something very serious to say to him. He sat down and was very much moved. I commenced at the beginning and made truthful statements to him and asked him to give me a divorce, as I loved Cottrell with all my heart and could not love him. My husband did not utter a cross word.

"After a time I renewed the appeal to my husband to give me a divorce. He finally consented. He offered, voluntarily, to divide the property. This was done in October, my husband deeding me about \$5,000 worth of property. He continued here, and we lived as man and wife until a week ago, when Mrs. Cottrell one day appeared at our house.

"She asked for an audience with my husband. They were closeted a long time. Mrs. Cottrell asked him to refuse to give me a divorce and my husband said: 'Mrs. Cottrell, why do you not use common sense and do as I do? They love each other and we cannot keep them apart. Let them get together. Give your husband a divorce.'

"After that," continued Mrs. Hough, "my husband bade me and the children good-bye and went west to Wyoming, where he intends taking a claim. He left a week ago. He told his attorney he loved me still better than he could ever love another woman, and I know that is true. I feel sorry for him and I honor and respect him, but I love Mr. Cottrell."

IN DEATH'S SHADOW
FOR SIXTEEN HOURS

DAKOTA FARMER FOUND HANG-
ING IN WELL

IS RESCUED BY NEIGHBOR

Sings, Tells Stories to Himself and
Laughs to Keep Up Courage;
Falls When Saved.

WILLISTON, N. D., Jan. 8.—J. Woodford Ray had a remarkable escape from death in a well on his farm on the south side. He was alone on the farm when his pet dog fell into the well and he went to the rescue. He let himself down in the well by the rope fastened to the windlass and caught the little dog, but could not climb out. There was no place to stand and finally he made a loop in the rope in which he put his foot and this helped to relieve the strain. He was compelled to relinquish his grasp of the dog. The animal fell into the water and was drowned.

For sixteen hours Ray remained in the well. He sang songs, told stories to himself and laughed to keep his strength and courage.

Through all the long night the man grasped the rope, hoping that some one would come in time to save him, but as the time passed, as hour after hour followed and no one came he began to lose hope.

Finally, just as he thought he must give up, he saw a man looking into the well. It was A. P. Solberg, a neighbor, who came after a team of horses, and knowing that Ray must be at home somewhere started to search for him. He quickly pulled Ray out of the well. Upon reaching the top, Ray, exhausted, lost his grip and would have fallen back had not Solberg grasped him.

"Solberg looked like an angel with the blue sky as a background," Ray said after his rescue.

SKATER ESCAPES BY
SWIMMING TO LAND

CROOKSTON, Minn., Jan. 8.—R. A. Lawrence of this city had a narrow escape from drowning. He was skating on the Red Lake river when he broke through in a thin place and the current swept him out into a large open space. He is an expert swimmer, but the strong current and the cold combined to hinder him and he was completely exhausted before he managed to get out. He was badly cut about the face and head by knocking against the sharp ice. He will be unable to work for some time.

NORTHWEST IN BRIEF

BELLE FOURCHE, S. D.—Nelson and Stewart, who have the contract for the construction of the buildings at the government experimental farm twelve miles east of the big dam, have about completed their work. Work on the new experimental farm will be commenced this spring and will be under the supervision of Supt. Jensen.

IOWA FALLS, Ia.—Hugh McNich has formally tendered his resignation as pastor of the Presbyterian church at Ackley in this county, in order to accept a call to the church of the same denomination at Fowler, near Fresno, Cal.

CLINTON, Ia.—Engineer P. D. Collins, one of the best known engineers on the Northwestern system, pensioned last fall after thirty-seven years' service with the company, is dying of cancer at his home in this city. He has a perfect record as an engineer.

SIoux FALLS, S. D.—That there were nearly twice as many births as deaths in Minnehaha county during the last year is shown by the vital statistics record of the county. During the year the records show that 317 people died within the boundaries of the county, while during the same period there were 627 births. Of the total births, 319 were girls and 317 were boys.

DES MOINES, Ia.—Rev. C. Schulmeister, pastor of the German Evangelical church at Carcare, has commenced suit in the Cedar county district court against Miss Emma Harmel and her father, for \$500 for alleged slander.

BARNESVILLE, Minn.—Barnesville is to have another playhouse. It will be a vaudeville theater and will have daily performances. The demand for this kind of plays has been greater in the last year. It is reported here that Irve Catlin will be manager.

NORTHFIELD, Minn.—Calvin Carroll Thomas of Wilmington, Del., a graduate of the Emerson school of oratory of Boston and formerly instructor of rhetoric and elocution in Hartford theological seminary, has been appointed instructor of rhetoric and oratory in Carleton college for the rest of the college year.

CLINTON, Ia.—Mrs. Martin Myer of this city was struck by an engine at a Chicago & Northwestern crossing, and was hurled forty feet from the right of way, escaping with a broken wrist and a few cuts and bruises. She is 60 years old.

other woman, and I know that is true. I feel sorry for him and I honor and respect him, but I love Mr. Cottrell."

BOARD HEARS TALK
ON MILK PURITY

MR. NIELSON ADDRESSES BODY
LAST EVENING

DANGERS TO PUBLIC HEALTH

Expects to Start Pasteurizing Station
Here in Short Time—Excursion
Committee Report

A report on the excursions to Preston, Minn., and Lansing, Ia., under the auspices of the La Crosse Board of Trade last fall was made at the monthly meeting of the organization last night, and showed the trips to be a financial as well as social success. The receipts of the trips were larger than the expenses, while new business relations were cultivated between La Crosse merchants and the business men of Preston and Lansing.

In making the report, the committee prefaced the financial statement with an introduction, showing the results of their observations of the excursions. The balance, after all expenses were paid, is \$28.26.

Talk on Pure Milk.

N. Dundahl Nielson, Copenhagen, Denmark, a sanitary engineer and pure milk expert, delivered a lecture on "The Pasteurization of Milk," in which he described the different methods—clean and unclean—of handling milk for domestic and commercial purposes. Mr. Nielson plans to establish a milk pasteurizing station in La Crosse with the aid of local capital and his address was to outline the field in which the company will work.

He spoke as follows:

Domestic Supply Neglected.

"It seems to be an established fact that the localities which produce the best milk for ordinary dairy products nearly always have the poorest domestic milk supply. I have heard it mentioned that the shoemaker's children and the blacksmith's horse had the poorest shoes, and this may explain why the domestic milk supply in such localities are neglected. The fact is in both cases that the strain and energy which is devoted to the success of business, absorbs in a great measure the apparent defects, and it is only when disaster comes that the respective parties wakes up to the fact that something must be done. I can imagine the good country shoemaker as he sits on his stool and absolutely wrapped up in work that he has promised completed getting a fair scolding from his respective wife, calling his attention to the condition of Johnnie's shoes. But how wonderful this can be compared to the condition of many localities, where milk is produced in abundance and care is being exercised in making as excellent a butter product as possible in order to compete with the open market."

"The farmer who from lack of care or perchance has seen 'hossie' put her foot into the milk pail or pictures in his mind the milk with dirty hands—perhaps many times personally has seen a hired man moisten his hands with the milk itself (it is handy right before him) in order to accomplish the task of milking more rapidly, this farmer very often has a very distinct dislike for milk. 'He says that milk does not agree with him.'"

"I don't think that milk which somebody had washed their hands in would agree with anybody in this room. Of course this picture is an assurance which very fortunately is in the minority, but this is just the danger of the situation, because this defect might be very difficult to find. We will suppose that a milk-taker of this city had contracted and received milk from ten (10) farmers and nine of these farmers takes excellent care of the milk but only one is of the sluggish kind allowing his hired man and himself to do things which I referred to a few minutes ago. What would be the result if the dirty or polluted milk escapes the inspector at the city where it will be exposed for sale or even if the inspector gets a sample the milk, you will agree with me, is used before the milk is analyzed and a report can be submitted to the authorities. The result will be, if the ten different kinds of milk are mixed together, that all the milk will be unfit for food and especially for infants or weak organisms."

"From this we learn that too much care must be exercised where milk is being produced and handled, and this is the aim and object of any conscientious milk dealer, to follow the milk from the farm, by thorough inspection of the premises as well as subjecting the milk to a refinery process before it is delivered to the consumer. It has been said that milk, from a good healthy animal is good enough for anybody. This is true providing you can get this milk into your stomach before any deadly germ has had a chance to develop in such milk and if a healthy cow could talk she would recommend, instead of supplying any artificial operation, such as milking and conveying her milk, for which she is held responsible, from two hundred to four hundred miles to large cities to use the method, as a safeguard, which the calf always displays and which nature has provided."

Guard by Scientific Means.

"O, someone said that is out of reason. Yes, so it is, and I am far from recommending this method, but I do very emphatically recommend to guard the milk by all scientific appliances which not only is recommended as possibilities, but has shown itself to be a perfect success. I have reference to the method of pasteurization. Now let us see what that is and in order to show plainly why pasteurization is desirable I will have to occupy a few

minutes to the discussion of bacteria in milk.

The One Bacteria.

"The only form of bacteria in milk which has come to the observation of the average person is Lactic bacteria the one which causes the milk to become sour or laberent as we call it. This bacteria is by no means a dangerous one, on the contrary it is nature's indicator that milk has commenced to change its composition and has depreciated as a food. It is not very palatable in fact in a little more advanced state it will not be taken as a food by anybody. However, this fact seems to be a very inconvenient one for the housekeeper to contend with and so in good many cases various schemes on the part of the housekeeper such as boiling the milk and the like has been tried and used, but it has largely been left to the milkman to overcome this fact and we may safely say that competition has compelled him to take precaution.

Preservatives Used.

"A few years ago and even now we find it, preservatives, such as boric acid, formaldehyde, etc., were used to overcome this souring of the milk, but it will be needless to dwell on this to prove the wrong that such appliances will do. The other kind of bacteria called the pathogenic germs which cause diseases of various kinds also find a very desirable field for its development in milk and therefore all milk which is used for human food should be subjected to some kind of treatment which would insure the destruction of such germs. Of course, milk which did not contain such germs does not need the treatment. But how are we going to determine if the milk contains such germs or not. It would be too great a task to subject the milk to a specific analysis before it is used and therefore the scientific operators along these lines has come to the conclusion that all milk ought to be treated as the treatment does no harm and on the other hand will do its work if the germ is in the milk, and therefore at the last international milk conference held at Brussels three months ago the use of raw milk for human food was absolutely condemned as being practical for large cities or for any place where milk is mixed from different herds of cattle. A statement as to the development of bacteria (good or bad), in milk will somewhat picture the necessity of checking such developments. It is a well established fact that Bacteria multiplies at a tremendous speed. It doubles itself every twenty minutes; in other words if milk after milking contains one thousand bac. per C. C. (cubic centimeter) which is very low for the average milk, the bacteria which would develop in such milk if left at animal temperature six hours would count not less than 254,224,000 bacteria per C. C. In spite of this awful picture I shall not fail to recognize the fact that the use of milk as a food, however laden with bacteria of both varieties by no means always proves disastrous or fatal, for if this was the case milk would be an absolute impossibility as a food."

Must Protect Weak.

The fact is this, that the human organism as a rule contains the antitoxine which will destroy or overpower all these bad things in milk and other foods. But, in the weaker organism such as infancy and invalids in great many instances the pathogenic germ will prevail and consequently disease will develop. Now if this is true, why on earth should milk not be r.d as far as possible of the things which do not belong to it. You naturally say, well, there must be some objection somewhere and so there "has been" but is no more. Dr. Pasteur, a very noted French chemist, found that by subjecting ordinary milk to a temperature of 170 degrees F. could arrest or check the fermentation so as to give the milk a better keeping quality. It was further discovered, a few years later by other scientists, that by heating to 190 degrees or nearly all Pathogenic germs would be destroyed and this method was at once adopted by a few cities in Europe, among which was Copenhagen, Denmark, my native home. It was made a law that milk could not be exposed for sale unless it had been treated to this temperature, and all users of milk had to confine themselves to this circumstance.

Decrease of Consumption.

"A special certified milk for babies was of course provided for as the milk treated to 190 degrees F. had suffered different changes which made this milk harder to digest, which very soon was discovered by the medical men, but the main object which was stamping out the disease germ, was accomplished and very soon the consumers of milk became used to the boiled flavor and other objectionable things. The result of this change was a great decrease of disease, such as typhoid fever, diphtheria and especially tuberculosis, known as the 'white plague.'"

"A few years later this country was waking up to the fact that some such steps were needed in the same line and of course they copied the method laid down by the European cities. The result was a sad failure. Why? Because this is a free country where no man d' rates to another neither what he shall eat nor what he shall drink, and then this boiled milk was given to the American boys and girls they kicked and I don't blame them. I say the result was a failure, but a great lesson had been learned and, as necessity is the mother of invention, so it was in this case, and now we stand on a platform with machinery and equipment which fills all the deficiencies of these early experiments. It was soon learned that by improving the raw milk itself the temperature could be reduced and now we can produce a pasteurized milk at a temperature of 160 degrees F. which does not in any way taste different from raw milk and with a guarantee that, according to our own state experiment station contains 99 per cent less

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL

| | LEAVE | ARRIVE |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Chicago, Milwaukee and the East | 8:45 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:15 p.m. 12:50 a.m. | 3:05 a.m. 7:05 a.m. 10:45 a.m. 5:05 p.m. |
| Winona, St. Paul and Minneapolis | 8:10 a.m. 10:35 a.m. 1:15 p.m. | 12:45 a.m. 8:25 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. |
| Dubuque, Rock Island, Omaha and West | 12:05 p.m. 8:30 p.m. | 11:20 a.m. 5:00 p.m. |
| Southern Minnesota Division | 10:30 a.m. 7:50 p.m. | 11:20 p.m. 4:10 p.m. |

Daily, a, daily except Sunday, c, Sunday only all trains except Saturday.

LA CROSSE & SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY

| TO AND FROM | Leave La Crosse | Arrive La Crosse |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Stoddard, Chaseburg, Coon Valley, Westby, Viroqua | 8:40 a.m. 10:30 p.m. 10:30 p.m. | 10:25 a.m. 8:50 a.m. 5:00 p.m. |

A, daily, b, daily except Sunday, c, Sunday only all trains except Saturday.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY.

In Effect Dec. 8th, 1907.

| No. | From South | DAILY | No. | For North |
|-----|------------|-------|-----|------------|
| 47 | 3:30 a.m. | | 47 | 3:30 a.m. |
| 49 | 8:09 a.m. | | 49 | 8:09 a.m. |
| 51 | 5:50 p.m. | | 51 | 5:50 p.m. |
| 53 | 12:25 p.m. | LOCAL | 55 | 8:15 a.m. |
| | From North | | | For South |
| 56 | 10:15 p.m. | | 54 | 4:00 p.m. |
| 52 | 12:25 p.m. | | 52 | 12:25 p.m. |
| 48 | 12:15 p.m. | DAILY | 48 | 12:15 p.m. |
| 50 | 10:45 p.m. | | 50 | 10:45 p.m. |

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R.R.

| | LEAVE | ARRIVE |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and East Duluth and Superior | 8:00 a.m. 12:35 p.m. 10:40 p.m. | 5:30 a.m. 12:15 p.m. 5:30 p.m. |
| Trempealeau, Galesville, Winona, Owatonna and West | 5:30 a.m. 12:15 p.m. 5:30 p.m. | 8:00 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 10:40 p.m. |

References—a, daily except Sunday; b, daily.

GREEN BAY & WESTERN R.R.

| To and From | Leave La Crosse | Arrive La Crosse |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|
| Arcadia, Blair, Independence, Whitehall, Merrill, Grand Rapids, Stevens Point, New London, Green Bay and Kewaunee | 8:15 a.m. a 5:30 p.m. | a 4:40 p.m. |

a, daily except Sunday.

KEWAUNEE SHORT LINE

| | |
|---|--|
| Green Bay & Western Railroad The Popular Route Between Green Bay, Winona, La Crosse, Stevens Point, Grand Rapids, St. Paul, Minneapolis and all points in the West and Northwest. | Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western R.R. The Short Line to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, Buffalo, Detroit, Toledo, Cal. Ferries across Lake Michigan both summer and winter. |
| J. A. Jordan, Gen. Mgr. | W. C. Modest, Gen. Fr't & Pass. Agt. |

germ than the milk before treatment. But, in order to obtain such results it is necessary to have a good quality of milk from the farm. In order to make a business of this kind a success in La Crosse two things are necessary and one of these is that the public will buy the milk and use it in preference to an inferior article, second, that the board of health in a reasonable measure will co-operate with such people or concerns as endeavor to do the square thing in a way which compels all milk exposed for sale to be up to a certain standard both in quality, as to butter-fat, as well as a sanitary one. When our plant is completed it is our business to have people come and see what we are doing and then let them judge for themselves."

GREEN'S COULEE

Mr. and Mrs. A. Upland of La Crosse spent the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Schilling.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Van Chapter and Mr. and Mrs. C. Van Chapter and children of Dresbach spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. J. Tespstein.

Miss Laura Wensloe and Miss Bertha Meyer of La Crosse spent the holidays with Miss Anna Lemke.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lemke spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. J. Hermann of Smith's Coulee.

Misses Louise, Elsie, Julia, and Mr. Clarence Schilling spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. John Schilling of Sand Lake Coulee.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Maynard are sick. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pierce, Sr., and son Lawrence of Brice Prairie, and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pierce, Jr., of La Crosse, spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. J. Randall.

Mr. and Mrs. August Beyer spent Monday and Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lemke.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schilling spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Paul Techmer of La Crosse.

Mrs. W. Schafer and children of West Salem spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Tom Gear.

Misses Anna and Gusta Vandrie of La Crosse and Mr. Leo Hoffman of St. Louis spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lemke and family.

Some people never foot a bill without a kick.

33 1/3 % **PIANOS** **ONLY 7 DAYS MORE** **AT** **DISCOUNT**

Direct from Factory to You
Save the Middleman's Profit.

FROM REG. PRICE

Established the world over by D. H. Baldwin & Co

J. C. CALLAWAY

322 S. 4th St. La Crosse, Wis.

D. H. BALDWIN & CO.'S REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE LA CROSSE TERRITORY



PROPOSED HOME OF THE DETROIT MOTOR BOAT CLUB.

No state in the country finds the enjoyment and sport with motor boats as does the city of Detroit. In fact motor boating is one of the approved recreations of the Michigan metropolis. Just at present the motor boat

Sleep

During sleep the necessary Body-repairs are carried on in the "human workshop."

Anything that prevents sound sleep at the proper time, i. e., after retiring at night—will, sooner or later, prevent, "smooth running" during business hours.

That "drowsy feeling" in the forenoon (when everyone from the manager to the office boy, should feel as elastic as a rubber ball) is often caused by want of sound, refreshing sleep the night before.

The habitual use of Coffee is back of it all in nine cases out of ten.

Drowsiness

During Business Hours
May Be Overcome

Stop drinking Coffee and use well-made

POSTUM

Which contains the "vital phosphates" from wheat for rebuilding brain and nerve cells. It does not contain the insomnia-producing alkaloid—Caffeine, found in coffee and tea. Postum

Induces Restful Nights and Successful Days

"There's a Reason"

Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

WISCONSIN NEWS

CHEESEMAKERS OPEN CONVENTION

MILWAUKEE CROWDED WITH DAIRYMEN

THE JUDGES BEGIN SCORING

Are Kept Busy Fixing Awards — Topics of Educational Value Will Be Discussed

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 8.—Over 500 representative manufacturers of over forty varieties of cheese, these being connected in one form or another with nearly twenty national and state organizations, opened the sixteenth annual meeting of the Wisconsin Cheese Makers' association at Freie Gemeinde hall.

Secretary U. S. Baer of Madison has been in the city several days and has established a temporary office, headquarters of the visitors, where registrations poured in when cheese men from all parts of the state arrived in the city. Here they were tagged.

Designate Class of Member.
Official badges in the form of watch fobs, beautiful in design and made up of different materials, were given to all. Practical cheese makers are known by the bronze. Supply men and cheese dealers were given the gold metal pendant, while transportation representatives are identified by the silver form. Press representatives were not forgotten and were decorated with badges in oxidized metal. "W. C. M. A." is monogram that adorns one side, while the reverse bears the date and place of the convention.

Address of Welcome.
This morning Mayor Becker opened the sessions with an address of welcome. The annual address of President Matthew Michels of Madison will be the feature of the meeting. "Market Requirements" is the scheduled address which will be given by J. B. McCready of Harrison, Ont., who is engaged in business in Sheboygan. Appointment of committees, reports of officers, and an inspection of the joint cheese exhibits will occupy the remaining time of the forenoon.

It is expected that nearly 1,000 persons will attend the convention. Of these over 500 are directly engaged in the manufacture of cheese, others embracing lines from the farmer and breeder to the Swiss yodler; two of the latter engaged as a fitting accompaniment, will discourse sweet strains at intervals during the sessions.

For the last two days, the judging of the large cheese exhibit has been going on and the performance of this delicate duty is proving of much interest. The judges are President Matthew Michels, Madison; J. D. Cannon, New London; J. W. Moore and Gottlieb Marty, Madison. Several tons of cheese are in the exhibition rooms at the republican house and to score this amount is no light task. Flavor, color, texture, make-up, appearance and style are the points in question and the sense of smell performs the biggest part of the work. Impairment of this function, temporarily, is overcome by unique methods. Eating olives is a remedy of one man, another goes out into the fresh air in an effort to clear the sense while another eats salt. A large number of special prizes have been hung up and a pro rata premium fund will also be divided among successful contestants.

RICHEST STATE BABY WORTH \$4,750,100.90

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 8.—William Woods Plankinton, Jr., about 1 year old, is the richest baby in Milwaukee.

According to J. E. Corrigan and Berthold F. Zinn, appraisers, the John Plankinton estate, which will in time all go to this baby great-grandson, is today worth exactly \$4,750,100.90.

The report of the appraisers, filed with the register of probate, shows that \$4,364,947 of the estate is land and business blocks in the very heart of Milwaukee, constantly increasing in value, and at the same time earning large dividends for the 1-year-old.

SKATER HAS FIT WHILE DROWNING

MARINETTE, Wis., Jan. 8.—With a fractured leg, all but dead from an epileptic fit, and with life almost extinct from drowning, Theodore Kopenski, a Niagara boy was pulled from the waters of a creek near the village on Monday. Kopenski had been coasting, and in sliding down the hill he struck a stump and was thrown into the creek. An epileptic fit came on while he was in the water and a physician had to work over him some time to resuscitate him.

YOUTH ASKS FOR REFORM SENTENCE

SUPERIOR, Wis., Jan. 8.—At his own request, made that he might be freed from the temptation to drink, Allan Schmidt, 15 years of age, has been committed to the Industrial School for Boys at Waukesha until he is 21 years of age. The boy lost his mother three years ago. The boy took to drinking, he told the court; but suddenly realizing the fate which he was inviting, he made the application for commitment, intending to learn a trade while at the school.

COUPLE SUSPECTED IN MURDER MYSTERY

POLICE SEEK ALLEGED CRIMINALS

WERE LAST TO SEE V. CTIM

Man and Woman Accosted Milwaukee Contractor Few Minutes Before He Met Death

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 8.—A new feature has entered into the baffling murder case of Fred Gehring, foreman of a railway construction company in the town of Lake Friday night. Sheriff's deputies are said to be searching for a young couple who were seen coming from the scene of the murder on the night of his death.

Passed Dying Man.
It is only to hold them as witnesses that the two are sought by the officers. They are believed to have passed Gehring only a hundred feet before he reached the tool box behind which his assailants are believed to have been hidden. The pair was crossing the trestle bridge at this point when they met Gehring. It is said, and said "good evening" to him. It is thought that they might have seen the men who attacked Gehring before they met the latter.

Search for Clues.
Deputy sheriffs and Detective Dennis Sullivan of the police department haunted the scene of the murder all day Monday in the hope of finding some further clue to the crime. Deputy Coroner Frank Luehring reported that an inquest upon Gehring may be held Wednesday afternoon, but Undersheriff Kissinger fails to confirm this statement.

"Our men are working," said the undersheriff, "and at present there is nothing for publication. As soon as we are ready an inquest will be held. There are still some persons whom we wish to subpoena to appear as witnesses."

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

ANTIGO—Cornelius Byrne, who claims to be from New York, pleaded guilty to stealing a suit of clothes from the residence of L. E. Farnham, and was given ninety days in the county jail.

ANTIGO—St. Hyacinth's congregation has decided to build a new church at a cost of \$5,000.

BELOIT—Peter Yeager, formerly of Beloit, a stage driver at Casper, Wyo., was killed in a runaway accident on Tuesday.

BELOIT—The First Christian church of Beloit will be organized next Sunday. They will meet in a hall for the present.

CHIPPEWA FALLS—L. M. Bingham, a well known resident, is in a serious condition as the result of a struggle with a giant hog. He was feeding it when he was suddenly attacked and thrown to the ground. The porker proceeded to chew up Mr. Bingham, but the latter was rescued in the nick of time. He received several bites which will lay him up for several months.

CHIPPEWA FALLS—Chas. Henning, a local merchant, placed some money in a waste paper basket over night, and when he came to build the fire the next morning he poured its contents into the stove. He was able to save a considerable amount of the silver coins.

EAU CLAIRE—A company of real estate capitalists from Seattle, Wash., are here to make a deal for a large tract of property owned by the Eau Claire Park company.

FOND DU LAC—Chas. E. Broughton, who has been managing editor of the Daily Bulletin since the paper was started three years ago, and business manager for the last year, has severed his connection with the paper. C. L. Powers, formerly of Milwaukee, who has been the editor of the paper the last two years, becomes managing editor, and James B. Watson will be the business manager. Mr. Broughton will take a short rest, but expects to be back again before long in the newspaper field.

GREEN BAY—A four story flat building owned by Mrs. Lillian Ringsdorf, formerly of La Crosse, and now of Huron, S. D., has been sold to Mrs. A. H. Druke of Fisher, Minn., for \$33,750.

MANTOWOC—A resolution providing for a \$1,000 salary for the mayor and \$500 for the aldermen will be introduced at the next meeting of the common council. At present the mayor receives no compensation, and the aldermen receive \$100 a year for committee work. The feature is advocated by the socialists, who argue that working men will then have an opportunity to hold office, and that graft will be checked.

MARINETTE—Word was brought to this city today of the death of the 4 year old daughter of Elmer Smith, after suffering excruciating pain as the result of scalding. The child was playing near a stove, when one of the legs gave way and a kettle of boiling water fell upon her.

MADISON—The body of Howard Ness, aged 12 years, son of H. A. Ness, was recovered from Lake Monona near the mouth of the Yahara river. Young Ness disappeared Sunday evening while skating on the ice.

MADISON—The Merchants bank of Watertown was authorized by the state banking commissioner to increase its capital from \$75,000 to \$120,000, and the Bank of Birmahood to increase its capital from \$5,000 to \$10,000.

SUPERIOR—Miss Frances J. Gates has won the contest started by Horace S. Barnes to deprive her of her homestead on a claim near Solon Springs, Wis. Miss Gates is a school

A GOOD MIXTURE FOR OLD FOLKS

Cut this out and put in some safe place, for it is valuable and worth more than anything else in the world if you should have an attack of rheumatism of the kidneys whatever.

The prescription is simple, and can be made up by anyone at home. The ingredients can be had at any good prescription pharmacy and all that is necessary is to shake them well in a bottle.

Here it is: Fluid extract dandelion, one-half ounce; compound Karsaparilla, one ounce; compound syrup of sarsaparilla, three ounces.

Take a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime. A few doses is said to relieve almost any case of bladder trouble, frequent urination, pain and swelling, weakness, etc. It is now claimed to be the method of curing chronic rheumatism, because of its direct and positive action upon the eliminative tissues of the kidneys. It cleanses these sponge-like organs and gives them life and power to sift and strain the poisonous waste matter and uric acid from the blood relieving the worst forms of Rheumatism and kidney and bladder troubles. The extract dandelion acts upon the stomach and liver and is used also extensively for relieving constipation and indigestion. Compound sarsaparilla cleans and enriches the blood.

A well-known local druggist is authority that this prescription is safe to use at any time.

teacher, and spends each summer on her claim, while she teaches during the winter months. The plaintiff charged nonresidence.

WAUKESHA—Word has been received here that Richard Jones, aged 27 years, a well known young man of this city, had been accidentally killed at Denver, where he was employed as an electrical engineer. No particulars of the accident were received. He was the son of Mrs. Margaret Jones and was graduated from the local high school and subsequently from the University of Wisconsin. While attending the high school he won distinction as a football player. The body probably will be brought here for burial.

WAUSAU—Early Monday morning northbound freight train No. 75 on the Milwaukee road ran into a special freight train two miles above Wausau. The special was stalled, and the regular train, a double-header, came upon it before flagmen could be put out. The damage was about \$600. None of the crew was injured.

CHURCH TOTES T SALOON SITE LAW

KENOSHA, Wis., Jan. 8.—The German Lutheran church of Kenosha has voted to make a test of the new saloon law regulating the placing of saloons within 300 feet of any schoolhouse and the congregation will at once protest to the city council against saloons owned by the Schlitz Brewing company of Milwaukee and the Fortune Brothers' Brewing company of Chicago. The place owned by the Milwaukee company is regarded as one of the finest pieces of saloon property in the state, but it is within 300 feet of the Lutheran church and school. The brewing company recently negotiated for the purchase of the church and school property rather than give up the saloon site, but the deal fell through. Several other saloons in Kenosha are affected by the same law.

Obeying their Wives.

John G. Shedd of Marshall Field & Co., is held responsible for this yarn. Three men sat rather late at the club one night. As they were separating they discussed a little nervously the receptions that awaited them at their wives' hands, and agreed that he who didn't do what his wife told him on getting home should have to treat the others to a turkey dinner. The first man, after reaching his house, stumbled about the dark bedroom till he kicked the cat. The cat squatted, and the man's wife, raising her head from the pillow, moaned: "Well, go on; kill the poor cat and have done with it." The man frowned and muttered to himself: "It is a case of kill the cat or pay for the dinner." So he killed the cat.

"The second man on his arrival could not find any matches. As he looked for some in the drawing room he bumped against the piano and his wife complained: "Why don't you break the piano carelessly? Determined not to lose his bet, the man got a hatchet, and the sound of crashing blows soon filled the house."

"The third man, getting home, stumbled on the way upstairs. His wife screamed angrily: 'Go on, fall down stairs and break your neck, do!' 'Not me,' said the third man, after a moment's thought. 'I'll pay for the turkey's dinner.'"—Chicago News.

When a girl goes either to a wedding or a funeral she puts in most of her time thinking about how it will be when her turn comes.

Nearly every man believes that having a good time is spending more money than he can afford, but that's just where he fools himself.

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

ALL LADIES' FELT JULIETS AND SLIPPERS AT COST.

An Odd Lot at..... 35c

\$1.50 and \$1.25 Slippers for..... 98c

Paulsen Shoe Co.

312—PEARL STREET—312

SENATOR CULLOM ATTAINS NOTORIETY



SENATOR CULLOM

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Senator Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois, one of the most astute and substantial members of the national senate, has introduced a resolution, fathered originally by the National Business Men's league of Chicago, for a constitutional amendment providing that a president of the United States shall be chosen for a term of six years and shall not be eligible for re-election. Coming from Senator Cullom the resolution attains an unusual prominence and significance. Senator Cullom himself has played many an important part in presidential affairs. As far back as 1872 he was a delegate of the national Republican convention at Philadelphia, being chairman of the Illinois delegation, and at that time he placed the victorious General Grant in nomination for the presidency. He was elected governor of Illinois in 1876 and held this position until elevation to the United States senate, Dec. 4, 1883, from which time his service in the upper house has been continuous.

WOMEN FOR THE POSTOFFICES

(Baltimore Sun.)

Senator Clay of Georgia is entirely in the right in opposing the discharge of women postmasters in the smaller offices in the South. The village postoffice is coveted by storekeepers, who wish to have it in the country store to attract customers. It also has its political importance, and the postoffice is often the gathering place of the local politicians, where they exchange views and agree upon men and neighborhood affairs and delegates to county conventions and what not. Because of these gatherings and the smoky atmosphere of the many country stores, the postoffice domiciled therein is not always the most attractive place for women and children to go for their letters. When the postmaster is a woman everything is different. Some storekeeper has usually been deprived of the office and misses it in his business. It is no longer a congenial place for the district politician to assemble and smoke. But it is clean and fit for women to enter. The mail matter is disposed of in an orderly way. There is always some one present to wait upon people, and, as an almost invariable rule, there is the strictest honesty and accuracy in accounting for the government funds. The office of rural postmaster is one which can be filled most acceptably by women, and usually without taking them from their home duties. These appointments ought not to be restricted to men. The more women employed in them the better for the public and for the government.

A good conscience is the universal handicap in the race for worldly success.

TEETH

can be filled, crowned or extracted absolutely painless by our own exclusive methods.

OUR CHARGES ARE MODERATE.

DR. WATTERSON

THE PAINLESS DENTIST

115 South Fourth Street, La Crosse

